The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 2. MAPLEON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1890. NO. 8.

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Tri-weekly—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Leave Cassville, on each of the above named days, at 7.30 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Mapleton at 11 o'clock, a. m. Returning, leave Mapleton at any time to suit convenience of passengers. Fare, 50 cents. Merchandise carried at reasonable rates. W. A. HIGHT.

Cassville, Pa., July 3, 1889.-tf.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE ITEM.

A Trip to Western Pennsylvania.

Monday morning, May 19th, we embarked on Pacific Express for Pittsburg to attend the sessions of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Of the topography of eastern Pennsylvania we are reasonably well informed but of that portion of the state west of Altoona we had no knowledge, other than that gained by reading and converse. We had long anticipated the joys of an early morning trip across the Alleghenies. From views, we had formed a conception of the famous horse shoe bend, the Cresson Springs' surroundings, Gallitzin, the Pack Saddle and other points of interest on the route. Poets have sung of the joys of incompleteness, and we rememember how frequently in the days of our active connection with the old Bellesletters Union Society at Williamsport Dickinson Seminary we had taken the affirmative side of the question, Resolved, That there is more pleasure in anticipation than in realization, and while we are, under certain circumstances, still of the same opinion as we were in those halcyon days when we knew much more than we do now, yet as the train wound slowly and steadily around the curves to gain the ascent we realized that there was an unbounded delight in viewing for ourselves the beauties which nature has lavished upon the far-famed Alleghenies. The anticipation had been a delight, the realization was charming. The pictures which fancy had drawn were feeble compared with the glorious reality.

After crossing the mountains we were soon at the stricken city of Johnstown. It is a scene of busy activity. Mechanical skill is doing its utmost to wipe away the marks of the awful horror which befell the place on that fatal Friday afternoon but evidences of the great destruction are not wanting. Time alone will eradicate the scars of that eventful May day. The work of widening the channel of the Conemaugh river is progressing slowly, workmen being engaged in removing the point of the mountain east of the city.

Just west of Johnstown we engaged a fellow-traveler, a resident of Wilkinsburg who was a frequent passenger over the route, in conversation. We found him well informed and he cheerfully pointed out the places of interest and gave us valuable information.

At Jeannette we came to the remarkable natural gas field the development of which has given the manufacturing interests of Western Pennsylvania a great impetus and has made industries more productive. Less than three years ago the site of this town was marked by a log hut. Eighteen months ago there were a few temporary houses there. Now it is the home of more than three thousand people, has large glass works, elegant hotels, paved streets, substantial brick and frame residences and is a rapidly growing town.

At Wall station we saw the new round houses of the Pennsylvania Railroad company. The amount of ground to be had within the city of Pittsburg is far insufficient to afford this company the room needed for its increasing business and in order to facilitate the handling of through freight it has reclaimed a large area at Wall, where sidings will be laid and a large yard, established. Wall is bound to become an important town. Near this place the Westinghouse company have erected a large plant for the construction of the railroad appliances which have made the owner a wealthy man.

Our first impression of the smoky city was one of disappointment. It seemed to us as if the greatest need of the city was some one to literally "paint the town red." There are many fine brick structures very dingy in appearance which would present quite a different aspect if painted. Notably among this class is the massive Catholic cathedral on Fifth avenue. But Pittsburg is not composed of dingy buildings. It has some of the finest structures to be found within the state. Its court house, which cost upwards of three millions of dollars, is said to be the finest temple of justice in the world, Two new bank buildings at the corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, and the new government building on Smithfield street in course of construction are fine. Fifth avenue from Liberty avenue to the court house is lined almost the entire distance with magnificent edifices among which are the *Chronicle-Telegraph* building, the Masonic Temple, Hamilton building, Opera House, *Press* office, etc. The east end of Fifth street constitutes the residential place of the wealthy citizens. Fourth avenue is the Wall street of Pittsburg and on it there are many fine structures.

The streets of Pittsburg are good and are kept reasonably clean. Police and sanitary regulations are excellent. We were much impressed with the impossibility to make purchases after 12 o'clock on Saturday night. Promptly at that hour all business is stopped and only lunch counters are permitted to keep open doors.

The sixth annual session of the Grand Encampment I. O. O. F., was held at 67 Fourth avenue on Monday and Monday night. A large representation was present, D. D. G. P., W. S. Bair representing Mt. Hor Encampment, No. 180, of Huntingdon. But little business was before the Grand Encampment other than the hearing of reports and the adoption of a constitution. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Edward Dean, grand Patriarch; George Graham, high-priest; Dr. F. F. Vanartsdalen, grand senior warden; James B. Nicholson, grand scribe; John Heiss, grand treasurer; George Hawkes, grand junior Warden, and Henry Sturnagle, grand representative.

Tuesday morning the first Grand Lodge of the Daughters of Rebekah convened at 67 Fourth avenue. The principal work before this body was the adoption of a constitution. This branch of the I. O. O. F. is making rapid progress and this first step toward placing it upon a substatial basis was important and successful. It issure to be an important factor in Odd Fellowship, We regret very much that Aldema Lodge, No. 189, D. of R., of Mapleton, the only Rebekah Degree Lodge in Huntingdon county was not represented.

The Grand Lodge also convened Tuesday morning in Carnegie's Hall, Allegheny. This is a magnificent structure and is the finest auditorium in Pennsylvania west of the Alleghenies. It was built by Andrew Cornegie, and adjoining it is the Carnegie Free Library, the donation of that gentleman to the city of Allegheny. By the way, Mr. Carnegie is doing a commendable work in the western part of the state, in establishing free libraries at Allegheny, Pittsburg, Braddock and Johnstown.

The sessions of the Grand Lodge were "long drawn out." The reports of the grand officers and committees were read and action taken thereon. The constitution and by-laws of the Grand Lodge were revised and adopted. The constitution for Subordinate Lodges was referred to a committee and action postponed thereon until next year. The resolution admitting members at 18 years of age was tabled.

The reports show a membership in Pennsylvania of 92,838, a net increase of 4348 during the past year. There are 988 lodges in the state. $489,742.35 were paid for relief last year, or $56.00 for each hour in the year.

The sessions closed at noon, Friday, and after adjournment we took occasion to take a trip over the Pittsburg and Western railroad to Petrolia.

Petrolia is situated on Little Bear Creek, Butler county, in the old oil district of Pennsylvania. It was at one time a city of several thousand inhabitants, but its population at the present time is not over twelve hundred. In the days when boring operations were in progress the city knew its greatest prosperity. When prospecting ceased and the wells commenced yielding the drills were moved to new fields and the greater part of the population followed them. Last December a disastrous fire destroyed the business part of the town. Part of the burned district has been rebuilt. Petrolia is, however, still an important place. It has a bank, oil broker's office, telegraph office, livery stables, three hotels, many secret societies, an opera house, and fine stores. It is also a town noted for hospitable people and handsome women. The oil product of this place is about 150 barrels per day. Lack of space forbids us at this time entering into a description of oil and gas wells. Just above the town is an abandoned oil well which may yet make the place a popular summer resort. From this well flows a stream of water clear as crystal. At the opening where a space of about ten feet in depth has been washed out the bottom can be plainly seen and very small objects may be discerned as plainly as if submerged but an inch or two. Metallic substances thrown into the water immediately become coated with a white substance. The water flows from a depth of 450 feet, and though so remarkably clear it is of a sulphurous taste. Whence it comes is a mystery not yet solved, but a supposition prevails that it is from a lake miles away,

We found our friends at Petrolia hale and happy. Mrs. Ida O. Irvin, nee Price, is postmistress of the busy town and is a popular official. Her father, Rev. John Price, is enjoying good health and as a pastime assists in the machine shops of Price & Tillinghast. The Cree boys, Frank and Charles, have developed into stout, able-bodied men and are making rapid progress at their trade. Miss Ida Cree is in attendance at the Iron City Commercial College, Pittsburg, preparing herself for active clerical work. A. C. and E. E. Price, senior members of the firm of Price & Tillinghast, have charge of the shop at Renfrew. They are among the prosperous men of the oil region. We returned to Pittsburg on Saturday, greatly delighted with our trip to Petrolia.

While at Pittsburg, we stopped at the Hotel Hamilton, Penn Ave. This hostelry has recently been refitted and refurnished. The proprietors, Messrs. Brown & Taylor, spared no pains to make their guests comfortable. The cuisine was excellent, and we cheerfully recommend the Hamilton to Huntingdon county people who have occasion to sojourn in Pittsburgh.

We took occasion to call upon our old schoolmates, Arthur Bauman and wife. Their family has not been enjoying good health, but all seem happy. Their eldest daughter, Maud, is in the midst of preparation for the examination for admission to the high school.

Messrs. N. Q., J. H., and Hamilton Speer, of the Speer White Sand Company, whose elegant quarters are in the Hamilton building, and W. M. Allison, of the Pittsburg *Times*, son of the veteran editor of the Juniata *Herald*, contributed greatly to the pleasure of our stay in the smoky city and gave us valuable information.

Saltillo.

Rev. Bradford is expected to deliver the oration on Decoration Day in the cemetery. It is to be hoped the day will be clear and pleasant, that all may have the opportunity of listening to this orator.

Children's Day exercises have been designated for the children of the Methodist Sunday School at this place, which are to take place amid the lovely surroundings of the mute but ever inspiring beauty of the flowers.

The photographer, S. A. Miller, will leave this place for Orbisonia on Tuesday coming, having spent five weeks in this locality supplying people with their shadows.

Newton Wagoner, of this place, is home nursing a very sore hand, which is pronounced catarrh of the hand. He is improving.

It is with feelings of sadness I recall the features of a young man of this place, who left his home one week ago last Monday morning for Potter county, this state, to engage in peeling bark—but alas, how uncertain is life, and how true, "In the midst of life we are in death." This young man—Luther M. Black—arrived at his destination Tuesday evening and was asked by one of the men to go over in a skiff or pole boat and look at the place where he would work. Mr. B., his young comrade and the boatman got into the boat, together with their satchels (and it is said Mr. Black had over one hundred dollars in his), and when within a short distance from shore the pole broke, capsizing the boat and throwing all in the water. The boatman and Mr. Rupert lodged in a pine tree, while young Black struggled with the waves and swam for one-half a mile down stream before he was drowned. He was a young man with many friends and was to be married in the future to one of our young ladies. He was aged 24 years, 8 months and a few days. He was buried at Three Springs with with the honors of Odd Fellowship on Saturday, May 24.

It is said R. W. Hudson (not Henderson if you please) has engaged in partnership with William Nycum for the purpose of burning a kiln of brick. It is said the site has been selected and quite a number of small boys have made applications for important positions in their eyes.

Mr. Bradford preached in the Baptist church Sunday morning to an appreciative audience, taking his text from the Ten Commandments, and he made some feel very much like they did not spend the Sabbath just right.

Miss Cook, of Robertsdale, is visiting at the residence of Mrs. Scott McNeil.

Miss Williams, of Schellsburg, is visiting at the residence of V. E. McClain. She is a very pleasant lady and one we would be glad to meet again.

Thomas Barber has bought a lot on Church street and expects to build a residence in the near future.

It is a sweet reminder of the days that have passed down the roll of time to watch the youngsters on the playground by the "school house on the hill" amid their joyous rope-skipping on the feminine side and ball-playing on the masculine. Saltillo is blessed with a throng of hearty, rosy-cheeked children, and sometimes I think, perhaps, some of the unruly little fellows may yet fill some positions of trust and honor. I hope so at least.

The gentle rain has been descending quite frequently of late, and lovely flowers are in bud, while the beautiful snow-ball is covered with a wealth of blossoms beautiful to behold, and as Decoration Day will be observed next Friday there will be many of the lovely flowers gathered and made into wreaths and boquets to be laid on soldiers' graves to keep in memory the noble deeds done by the fallen heroes of the late civil war; but such is hardly necessary, for as the poet has said,

"On fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
While glory guards with solemn round
The bivouac of the dead."

Mrs. Eva Bucher will return to her home in West Virginia next week, accompanied by her uncle, Oscar Drake. We wish her and uncle a safe trip to the old "Dominion."

Geo. W. Cohill has been quite ailing, but is much improved at this writing.

Mount Union.

Jno. Coulter, of Tyrone, called on friends here last week.

Prof. White, of Huntingdon, was in town last week.

Miss Lizzie Corothers, of Orbisonia, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. F. Bathurst.

Miss Ida Bice is visiting friends in Harrisburg.

Mrs. Jackson Postlethwaite is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry McGarvey.

Miss Bell Reed, of Orbisonia, spent Sunday with Miss Jessie Bathurst.

J. W. White, of Huntingdon, was in town last week.

Mack Stiffy, of Williamsport, Md., is visiting his sister, Mrs. Ed. DeFrehn.

Miss Allie Brodbeck, of Orbisonia, visited friends here last week.

J. L. Rupert, of Huntingdon, was visible on our streets last week.

W. H. Allen spent Sunday here with his family.

Miss Maggie Lathero spent Sunday with friends here.

Emory Knepp, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Mount Union, the guest of E. A. Fields.

Clarence Rhodes, of Philadelphia, is home on vacation.

Harvey Bennett, who is with the bridge builders at Lock Haven, spent Sunday with his family in this place.

On Sunday, some young men shot a dog for killing chickens. They put one shot in the animal's eye, several in the neck, and badly crippled it. The dog was suffered to run about town in agony. It would have been well to kill the cur, but it was cruelty to allow him to live in his misery. Mount Union can spare a large number of dogs; but, boys, when you shoot the next one, kill it, and, in the name of mercy, don't let it suffer unnecessary pain.

Sherman Rogers and family, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday here with Mr. Rogers' parents.

Little Jimmie Warfield, who was killed Monday, the 19th inst, by Chicago Limited, was buried on Wednesday. He had made many friends in his short life and was a favorite with all who knew him. He was a great Sunday-school boy, never absent if well. The day before he was killed, he took his little sister with him to Sunday-school, and was so delighted that, as soon as the superintedent entered the infant room, the child called out, "Here one; I binged her, ittle tisser." Twenty-six hours later; he was a corpse.

H. J. Shimer, R. N. McCarl, Harry A. Thompson and a number of the boys and girls of Mapleton M. E. Sunday-school came down on Sunday afternoon to visit their former superintendent, D. H. Foster.

Rev. D. H. Campbell and family returned on Saturday from Johnstown, where they had spent the week with Mrs. Campbell's father.

Harry Olewine, formerly of this county but now telegraphing in Virginia, visited friends here on Sunday.

On Sunday night, Rev. C. L. Benscoter preached the memorial sermon in the M. E. Church. The Post and P. O. S. of A. Camp attended. Considering the heavy rain, the church was well filled.

Mrs. Johnston, of Manor Hill, is visiting her sister, Mrs. William Harris.

—The Marie Zane Musical Entertainment Co., after performing here to a poorly patronized house, disbanded. It is the fate of a good troupe to be poorly patronized here. But had it been Tonkawha with his poor performing he would have been greeted by crowded houses. The parts at the musicale were well rendered.

—*"Godey"* for June comes to us laden with richness of thought and intellectual fatness. Ladies need this periodical to make their households complete. It is worth *double* the price of a year's subscription. *"Godey's Lady's Book"* Company, Philadelphia, Pa. Price, $2.00 per year.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

CINCINNATI'S infield is very unsteady.

WHITEWASHES are becoming common.

THE Brooklyns lead the League at the bat.

KELLY, of Boston's Brotherhood team, leads the catchers.

THE Brooklyn Players 'Club are now called "Ward's Wonders."

THE Brooklyn Association team has lost nine extra inning games.

THE veteran Jack Nelson is playing short for the Wilmington (Del.) Club.

PFIEFFER now starts off Chicago's batting —something he never did before.

SHANNON has been made Captain of the Philadelphia Players' League Club.

PITCHER KEEFE, of the New York Players' Club, seems to be in form again.

CHICAGO deaf mutes have just organized a baseball nine and propose a trip East.

IT is said that the Pittsburg National League Club has dropped $15,000 thus far.

NEARLY all the American Association clubs claim to be making barrels of money.

WASHINGTONIANS say their team is the best base-running team in America to-day.

SHOENECK, who plays first base for the New Haven (Conn.) team, weighs 240 pounds.

COLLEGIAN CLARKE, with the New Yorks, is one of the speediest base runners in the League.

THE League team at Brooklyn is more than holding its own in the matter of attendance.

THE Pittsburg League Club has reconsidered Paul Hines's release and will give him a trial in the outfield.

ALLEGHENY has a baseball crank who refuses to eat after the Players' Club loses, until it wins another game.

PRESIDENT NIMICK has voluntarily surrendered the management of the Pittsburg League Club to J. Palmer O'Neill.

A MONTGOMERY (Ohio) young woman is making an autograph quilt containing the names of all the Cincinnati players.

IT costs more money to keep a ball club at a good hotel for a week than it does to send a family to the seashore for the summer.

SECOND BASEMAN DUNLAP has been released by the Pittsburg League Club. He says he won't play ball unless he gets his old big salary.

ESTERBROOK, of the New York League Club, is playing a brilliant fielding game and is hitting the ball in the same way that won for him first place among the Association batters in 1884.

SUCH old Association men as Orr, Bierbauer, Stovey, Griffin, Shindley, Milligan, Larkin, Browning, Bissner, Comisky, O'Neil and Latham have added greatly to the batting of the Brotherhood forces.

THE wonder of the season is Long, the short stop of the Boston National League Club. The way he picks up hot grounders and gets them to first ahead of the runners make him quite popular at the Hub.

"DELL" DARLING, now playing short field for the Chicago Brotherhood team, can hit occasionally as hard as any one. He is the only catcher in the business who can throw to second without moving in his tracks.

IT used to be claimed that Harry Stovey, of Boston, led the world in base-running, because the Association catchers were not A1 in their throwing. It is a noticeable fact that the Brotherhood receivers have not been able to stop him.

THERE is no use in concealing the fact that the condition of affairs in the baseball world is really giving serious concern to the managers and those whose money is invested in these enterprises. Unless something be done speedily the New York League managers will be much out of pocket.

PETE BROWNING, of the Cleveland Brotherhood team, has broken the record of ten years' ball playing. It has always been Pete's boast that he never was hit by a pitched ball. While off his guard in the ninth inning in a recent game he was caught squarely in the back by the ball, and, though reluctantly, took his base.

PITCHER SAROD had his right arm fractured by a live ball from Higgins's bat, at Detroit, recently. He could not get out of the way of the ball, but after it struck him he threw the batter out at first. This is the second man Higgins has crippled, as a year ago he broke Cushing's arm in the same way.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Boston	16	10	.615	Philadel'a.	13	12	.520
Brooklyn	16	11	.593	Cleveland	9	12	.429
New York	13	11	.542	Pittsburg	8	14	.364
Chicago	12	11	.522	Buffalo	7	13	.350

NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Philadel	15	10	.600	Cincin'ati	13	11	.542
Brooklyn	13	10	.565	Cleveland	8	12	.400
New York	14	11	.560	Boston	11	15	.423
Chicago	12	10	.545	Pittsburg	8	15	.348

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Athletic	19	8	.704	Columbus	14	15	.483
Rochester	18	10	.643	Toledo	11	13	.458
Louisville	15	12	.556	Syracuse	12	15	.444
St. Louis	13	15	.464	Brooklyn	6	20	.231

ATLANTIC ASSOCIATION RECORD.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.		Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Wash'gt'n	16	9	.640	Newark	12	12	.500
Baltimore	16	9	.640	Jersey City	10	12	.455
N. Haven	15	8	.652	Hartford	7	15	.318
Worcester	11	7	.611	Wilm'gt'n.	4	19	.174

IT is said that Marion Harland (Mrs. E. P. Terhune) gave great offense to some of the members of her husband's congregation, when he filled a country pulpit, by having what they called "course dinners." They thought that it was following too much in the manner of the wicked world for a clergyman's family to have their plates changed during a meal. They believed in the good old-fashioned way of having everything on the table at once, but if you were very fastidious you might have the different viands spread about your plate in little dishes. This barbarous custom was considered more in keeping with Mr. Terhune's cloth—his broadcloth, not his table-cloth.

OBSTINATE nose bleeding is frequently one of the most difficult things to check. Several aggravated cases have lately occurred at the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania. As a last resort Dr. D. Hayes Agnew tried ham fat with great result. Two large cylinders of bacon were forced well into the nostril and the hemorrhage ceased at once.

A FATAL HURRICANE.

Death and Destruction in the Wake of a Western Storm.

Several Persons Killed by Lightning in Pennsylvania.

The heaviest rain and electrical storm known in years passed over a large section of Western Pennsylvania during the evening, doing great damage to property, and resulting in the loss of several lives.

The storm struck Pittsburg about 4 o'clock, but no serious damage was done in the old city. In the East End, however, the wind played havoc. Houses were blown down, trees uprooted and small buildings demolished. On Winebiddle avenue five new frame houses were lifted from their foundations and destroyed. Another house, on Black Horse Hill, occupied by John Miller, was lifted from the foundations and blown a considerable distance. The family were in the sitting room at the time, but were not injured. At least a score of other houses in the vicinity were unroofed. A large number of persons received slight injuries. The loss is estimated at from $25,000 to $30,000.

At McKeesport, Penn., hailstones as large as walnuts fell while the rain poured down in sheets for a full half hour. The heavy ice striking horses caused a number of runaways. The lightning struck several buildings in that vicinity, and considerable damage was done.

The greatest injury was done by the water which came down White's Hollow in a stream seventy-five feet wide. The water was five feet deep on Fifth avenue at a point below Centre street, and a number of houses which were below grade were submerged. The water reached the second story of the Berktolder residence, causing great damage to that place and also the places adjoining. It was by far the heaviest and most unexpected rain storm for the year.

At Greensburg, Penn., William Fry, the gardener at St. Joseph's Academy, was struck and instantly killed by a bolt of lightning. A cow standing near him was also killed. The heavy rains caused great damage by the flood in the lowlands in that vicinity. Cellars and basements were flooded. Lightning also struck Colonel Huff's palatial residence, the First Reformed Church and other buildings, doing great damage in every instance.

Near Washington, Penn., lightning struck a derrick in course of erection on the Colonel Robert Miller farm, shattering it and killing William Furman, single; seriously injuring William Gates and stunning two others.

In Fayette County, Penn., the rain fall was extensive, and did much damage to the railroad. In the Third Ward swamps the Southwest Pennsylvania Railroad tracks were flooded several feet deep, and trains were held several hours. The Baltimore and Ohio is a heavy sufferer. At Bradford the tracks were covered with water. A heavy landslide occurred at Oakdale, and as it was being cleared away a still heavier one came down, blocking both tracks. The flood in Mountz Creek carried away many small buildings.

At Layton Station, Penn., an immense amount of mud, rocks and trees came down on the Baltimore and Ohio tracks about five o'clock in the evening. The east bound track was cleared at nine o'clock, but it was again covered for a long distance by more of the hill coming down. The rain there amounted almost to a cloudburst. Trainmen say the streams for the hills flowed over the track.

At Scottdale, Penn., the storm was particularly destructive. Cellars all along the principal streets are nearly filled with water, and the goods that many of the merchants had stowed away are saturated.

A despatch from Oil City, Penn., says: Heavy rain falling almost steadily since last midnight raised the water in the river and creek to the highest point since 1883. The river stands now at fourteen feet nine inches, a rise of six feet since ten A. M.

The ground floors of the lower portion of the town were flooded, including the basement of the Oil Exchange and the *Derrick* press room.

At Wheeling, W. Va., about two and a half inches of rain fell in twenty minutes, deluging the streets and flooding a number of business houses in cellars and first floors. Travel on the Elm Railroad was stopped for several hours by a heavy landslide. The newly plowed farm land in the vicinity suffered severely.

At all points along the Allegheny, Youghiogheny and Monongahela Rivers the rainfall was unusual.

At Alliance, Ohio, George Patterson, his wife and two children were killed by lightning. Many houses are reported as having been demolished and their inhabitants injured.

A westbound freight train on the "Nickel Plate" went through a bridge at Crayton, near the Ohio State line. Engineer Ellis, Fireman Nicholson and Head Brakeman Johnston, went down in the mass of engine and twenty-five cars. All three came out alive, but the engineer will die. The bridge was a wooden structure and was 150 feet in length.

FAMINE IN THE SOUDAN.

People Dying by Thousands and Cannibalism Prevalent.

In the British House of Commons Mr. Henry H. Howorth (Conservative) asked whether anything had been done to relieve the sufferers from the appalling famine in the Soudan, Africa. According to trustworthy advices the population was starving and cannibalism was prevalent. The people were eating anything, dogs. cats, rats and snakes being used for food. Around Tokar and Kassala hundreds of persons were dying daily from starvation, and in other parts the state of affairs was even worse, nearly the whole population having perished.

Sir James Fergusson replied that relief had been given in every district that could be reached by the Government, but in places in the interior, which were beyond the control of the Government, famine was rife and many deaths had occurred. Around Suakim 2000 persons were being fed daily. The failure of crops for successive years, added to other causes, had led to the present intense distress.

KILLED WHILE PRAYING.

The Dreadful Calamity Which Occurred in a German Village.

The village of St. Mahlen, near Hildesheim, Germany, has been visited recently by severe hailstorms, which have done a great deal of damage. The people gathered in a church to pray for a cessation of the storm. While the services were in progress a thunder-storm came up and the church was struck by lightning. Four persons were instantly killed and twenty were injured, four being rendered completely blind. The people were panic stricken, and in the mad rush for the doors two children were crushed to death.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "The Hanging of Haman."

TEXT: "*So they hanged Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai.*"—Esther vii., 10.

Here is an Oriental courtier, about the most offensive man in Hebrew history, Haman by name. He plotted for the destruction of the Israelitish nation, and I wonder not that in some of the Hebrew synagogues to this day, when Haman's name is mentioned, the congregation clinch their fists, and stamp their feet and cry: "Let his name be blotted out!" Haman was prime minister in the magnificent court of Persia. Thoroughly appreciative of the honor conferred, he expects everybody that he passes to be obsequious. Coming in one day at the gate of the palace the servants drop their heads in honor of his office; but a Hebrew, named Mordecai, gazes upon the passing dignitary without bending his head or taking off his hat. He was a good man, and would not have been negligent of the ordinary courtesies of life, but he felt no respect either for Haman or the nation from which he had come. But he could not be hypocritical; and while others made oriental salaam, getting clear down before this prime minister when he passed, Mordecai, the Hebrew, relaxed not a muscle of his neck, and kept his chin clear up. Because of that affront Haman gets a decree from Ahasuerus, the dastardly King, for the massacre of all the Israelites, and that, of course, will include Mordecai.

To make a long story short, through Queen Esther this whole plot was revealed to her husband, Ahasuerus. One night Ahasuerus, who was afflicted with insomnia, in his sleepless hours calls for his secretary to read to him a few passages of Persian history, and so while away the night. In the book read that night to the King an account was given of a conspiracy, from which Mordecai, the Hebrew, had saved the King's life, and for which kindness Mordecai had never received any reward. Haman, who had been fixing up a nice gallows to hang Mordecai on, was walking outside the door of the King's sleeping apartment and was called in. The King told him that he had just had read to him the account of some one who had saved his, the King's life, and he asked what reward ought to be given to such a one. Self-conceited Haman, supposing that he himself was to get the honor, and not imagining for a moment that the deliverer of the King's life was Mordecai, says: "Why, your majesty ought to make a triumph for him, and put a crown on him, and set him on a splendid horse, high stepping and full blooded, and then have one of your princes lead the horse through the streets, crying: 'Bow the knee, here comes a man who has saved the King's life.'" Then said Ahasuerus in severe tones to Haman: "I know all about your scoundrelism. Now you go out and make a triumph for Mordecai, the Hebrew, whom you hate. Put the best saddle on the finest horse, and you, the prince, hold the stirrup while Mordecai gets on, and then lead his horse through the street. Make haste!"

What a spectacle! A comedy and tragedy at one and the same time. There they go! Mordecai, who had been despised, now starred and robed, in the stirrups, Haman, the chancellor, afoot, holding the prancing, rearing, champing stallion. Mordecai bends his neck at last, but it is to look down at the degraded prime minister walking beneath him. Huzza for Mordecai! Alas for Haman! But what a pity to have the gallows recently built entirely wasted! It is fifty cubics high, and built with care. And Haman had erected it for Mordecai, by whose stirrups he now walks as groom. Stranger and more startling than any romance, there go up the steps of the scaffolding, side by side, the hangman and Haman the ex-chancellor. "So they hanged Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai."

Although so many years have passed since cowardly Ahasuerus reigned, and the beautiful Esther answered to his whims, and Persia perished, yet from the life and death of Haman we may draw living lessons of warning and instruction. And, first, we come to the practical suggestion that, when the heart is wrong, things very insignificant will destroy our comfort. Who would have thought that a great prime minister, admired and applauded by millions of Persians, would have been so nettled and harassed by anything trivial? What more could the great dignitary have wanted than his chariots and attendants, and palaces and banquets? If affluence of circumstances can make a man contented and happy, surely Haman should have been contented and happy. No; Mordecai's refusal of a bow takes the glitter from the gold, and the richness from the purple, and the speed from the chariots. With a heart puffed up with every inflation of vanity and revenge, it was impossible for him to be happy. The silence of Mordecai at the gate was louder than the braying of trumpets in the palace. Thus shall it always be if the heart is not right. Circumstances the most trivial will disturb the spirit.

It is not the great calamities of life that create the most worriment. I have seen men, felled by repeated blows of misfortune, arising from the dust, never despondng. But the most of the disquiet which men suffer is from insignificant causes, as a lion attacked by some beast of prey turns easily around and slays him, yet runs roaringly through the forest at the alighting on his brawny neck of a few insects. You meet some great loss in business with comparative composure, but you can think of petty trickeries inflicted upon you which rouse all your capacity for wrath, and remain in your heart an unbearable annoyance. If you look back upon your life you will find that most of the vexations and disturbances of spirit which you felt were produced by circumstances that were not worthy of notice. If you want to be happy you must not care for trifles. Do not be too minute in your inspection of the treatment you receive from others. Who cares whether Mordecai bows when you pass, or stands erect and stiff as a cedar? That woodman would not make much clearing in the forest who should stop to bind up every little bruise and scratch he received in the thicket; nor will that man accomplish much for the world or the church who is too watchful and appreciative of petty annoyances. There are multitudes of people in the world constantly harrowed because they pass their lives, not in searching out those things which are attractive and deserving, but in spying out with all their powers of vision to see whether they cannot find a Mordecai.

Again: I learn from the life of the man under our notice that worldly vanity and sin are very anxious to have piety bow before them. Haman was a fair emblem of entire worldliness, and Mordecai, the representative of unflinching godliness. Such were the usages of society in ancient times that, had this Israelite bowed to the prime minister it would have been an acknowledgment of respect for his character and nation. Mordecai would, therefore, have sinned against his religion had he made any obeisance or dropped his chin half an inch before Haman. When, therefore proud Haman atttempted to compel an homage which was not felt, he only did what the world ever since has tried to do, when it would force our holy religion in any way to yield to its dictates. Daniel, if he had been a man of religious compromises, would never have been thrown into the den of lions. He might have made some arrangement with King Darius whereby he could have retained part of his form of religion without making himself so completely obnoxious to the idolaters. Paul might have retained the favor of his rulers and escaped martyrdom if he had only been willing to mix up his Christian faith with a few errors. His unbending Christian character was taken as an insult.

Fagot and rack and halter, in all ages have been only the different ways in which the world has demanded obeisance. It was once, away up on the top of the temple, that Satan commanded the Holy One of Nazareth to kneel before him. But it is not now so much on the top of churches as down in the aisle and the pew and the pulpit that Satan tempts the espousers of the Christian faith to kneel before him. Why was it that the Platonic philosophers of early times, as well as Toland, Spinoza and Bolingbroke of latter days, were so madly opposed to Christianity? Certainly not because it favored immoralities, or arrested civilization, or dwarfed the intellect. The genuine reason, whether admitted or not, was because the religion of Christ paid no respect to their intellectual vanities. Blount and Boyle and the host of infidels hatched out by the vile reign of Charles II., as reptiles crawl out of a marsh of slime, could not keep their patience because, as they passed along, there were sitting in the gate of the church such men as Matthew and Mark, and Luke, and John, who would not bend an inch in respect to their philosophies.

Satan told our first parents that they would become as gods if they would only reach up and take a taste of the fruit. They tried it and failed, but their descendants are not yet satisfied with the experiment. We have now many desiring to be as gods, reaching up after yet another apple. Human reason, scornful of God's word, may foam and strut with the proud wrath of a Haman, and attempt to compel the homage of the good, but in the presence of men and angels it shall be confounded. "God shall smite thee, thou whited wall." When science began to make its brilliant discoveries there were great facts brought to light that seemed to overthrow the truth of the Bible. The archæologist with his crowbar, and the geologist with his hammer, and the chemist with his batteries charged upon the Bible. Moses's account of the creation seemed denied by the very structure of the earth. The astronomer wheeled round his telescope until the heavenly bodies seemed to marshal themselves against the Bible, as the stars in their courses fought against Sisera. Observatories and universities rejoiced at what they considered the extinction of Christianity. They gathered new courage at what they considered past victory, and pressed on their conquest into the kingdom of nature, until, alas, for them! they discovered too much. God's word had only been lying in ambush that, in some unguarded moment, with a sudden bound, it might tear infidelity to pieces.

It was when Joshua attacked the city of Ai. He selected thirty thousand men, and concealed most of them; then with a few men he assailed the city, which poured out its numbers and strength upon Joshua's little band. According to previous plan they fell back in seeming defeat, but, after all the proud inhabitants of the city had been brought out of their homes, and had joined in the pursuit of Joshua, suddenly that brave man halted in his flight, and with his spear pointing toward the city, thirty thousand men bounded from the thickets as panthers spring to their prey, and the pursuers were dashed to pieces, while the hosts of Joshua pressed up to the city, and with their lighted torches tossed it into flame. Thus it was that the discoveries of science seemed to give temporary victory against God and the Bible, and for a while the church acted as if she were on a retreat; but, when all the opposers of God and truth had joined in the pursuit, and were sure of the field, Christ gave the signal to His church, and, turning, they drove back their foes in shame. There was found to be no antagonism between nature and revelation. The universe and the Bible were found to be the work of the same hand, two strokes of the same pen, their authorship the same God.

Again: Learn the lesson that pride goes before a fall. Was any man ever so far up as Haman, who tumbled so far down? Yes, on a smaller scale every day the world sees the same thing. Against their very advantages men trip into destruction. When God humbles proud men, it is usually at the moment of their greatest arrogancy. If there be a man in your community greatly puffed up with worldly success, you have but to stand a little while and you will see him come down. You say, I wonder that God allows that man to on riding over others' heads and making great assumptions of power. There is no wonder about it. Haman has not yet got to the top. Pride is a commander, well plumed and caparisoned, but it leads forth a dark and frowning host. We have the best of authority for saying that "Pride goeth before destruction, and a haughty spirit before a fall." The arrows from the Almighty's quiver are apt to strike a man when on the wing. Goliath shakes his great spear in defiance, but the small stones from the brook Elah make him stagger and fall like an ox under the butcher's bludgeon. He who is down cannot fall. Vessels scudding under bare poles do not feel the force of the storm, but those with all sails set capsize at the sudden descent of the tempest.

Again: This oriental tale reminds us of the fact that wrongs we prepare for others return upon ourselves. The gallows that Haman built for Mordecai became the prime minister's strangulation. Robespierre, who sent so many to guillotine, had his own head chopped off by that horrid instrument. The evil you practice on others will recoil upon your own pate. Slanders come home. Oppressions come home. Cruelties come home. You will yet be a lackey walking beside the very charger on which you expected to ride others down. When Charles I., who had destroyed Strafford, was about to be beheaded, he said: "I basely ratified an unjust sentence, and the similar injustice I am now to undergo is a sensible retribution for the punishment I inflicted on an innocent man." Lord Jeffries, after incarcerating many innocent and good people in London tower, was himself imprisoned in the same place, where the shades of those whom he had maltreated seemed to haunt him so that he kept crying to his attendants: "Keep them off, gentlemen! for God's sake, keep them off!" The chickens had come home to roost. The body of Bradshaw, the English judge, who had been ruthless and cruel in his decisions, was taken from his splendid tomb in Westminster Abbey, and at Tyburn hung on a gallows from morning until night in the presence of jeering multitudes. Haman's gallows came a little late, but they came. Opportunities fly in a straight line, and just touch us as they pass from eternity to eternity, but the wrongs we do others fly in a circle, and however the circle may widen out, they are sure to come back to the point from which they started. There are guns that kick!

Furthermore, let the story of Haman teach us how quickly turns the wheel of fortune. One day, excepting the King, Haman was the mightiest man in Persia; but the next day, a lackey. So we go up, and so we come down. You seldom find any man twenty years in the same circumstances. Of those who in political life twenty years ago were the most prominent, how few remain in conspicuity. Political parties make certain men do their hard work, and then, after using them as hacks, turn them out on the commons to die. Every four years there is a complete revolution, and about five thousand men who ought certainly to be the next President are shamefully disappointed; while some, who this day are obscure and poverty-stricken, will ride upon the shoulders of the people, and take their turn at admiration and the spoils of office. Oh, how quickly the wheel turns! Ballot boxes are the steps on which men come down as often as they go up. Of those who were long ago successful in the accumulation of property, how few have not met with reverses! while many of those who then were straightened in circumstances now hold the bonds and the bank keys of the nation. Of all fickle things in the world, fortune is the most fickle. Every day she changes her mind, and woe to the man who puts any confidence in what she promises or proposes! She cheers when you go up, and she laughs when you come down. Oh, trust not a moment your heart's affections to this changeful world! Anchor your soul in God. From Christ's companionship gather your satisfaction. Then, come sorrow or gladness, success or defeat, riches or poverty, honor or disgrace, health or sickness, life or death, time or eternity, all are yours, and ye are Christ's, and Christ is God's.

Again, this Haman's history shows us that outward possessions and circumstances cannot make a man happy. While yet fully vested in authority and the chief adviser of the Persian monarch, and everything that equipage and pomp and splendor of residence could do were his, he is an object lesson of wretchedness. There are to-day more aching sorrows under crowns of royalty than under the ragged caps of the houseless. Much of the world's affluence and gayety is only misery in colors. Many a woman seated in the street at her apple stand is happier than the great bankers. The mountains of worldly honor are covered with perpetual snow. Tamerlane conquered half the world, but could not subdue his own fears. Ahab goes to bed, sick, because Naboth will not sell him his vineyard. Herod is in agony because a little child is born down in Bethlehem. Great Felix trembles because a poor minister will preach righteousness, temperance and judgment to come. From the time of Louis XII to Louis XVIII was there a straw botto ned chair in France that did not set more solidly than the great throne on which the French Kings reigned?

Were I called to sketch misery in its worst form, I would not go up the dark alley of the poor, but up the highway over which prancing Bucephali strike the sparks with their hoofs and between the statuary and parks of stalking deer. Wretchedness is more bitter when swallowed from gemmed goblet than from earthern pitcher or pewter mug. If there are young people here who are looking for this position and that circumstance, thinking that worldly success will bring peace of the soul, let them shatter the delusion. It is not what we get, it is what we are. Daniel among the lions is happier than Nebuchadnezzar on his throne. And when life is closing, brilliancy of worldly surroundings will be no solace. Death is blind, and sees no difference between the King and his clown, between the Nazarine and the Athenian, between a bookless hut and a national library. The frivolities of life cannot, with their giddy laugh, echoing from heart to heart, entirely drown the voice of a tremendous conscience which says: "I am immortal. The stars shall die, but I am immortal. One wave of eternity shall drown time in its depths, but I am immortal. The earth shall have a shroud of flame and the heavens flee at the glance of the Lord, but I am immortal. From all the heights and depths of my nature rings down, and rings up, and rings out the world 'immortal.'" A good conscience, and assurance of life eternal through the Lord Jesus Christ are the only securities.

The soul's happiness is too large a craft to sail up the stream of wordly pleasure. As ship carpenters say, it draws too much water. This earth is a bubble, and it will burst. This life is a vision, and it will soon pass away. Time! It is only a ripple, and it breaketh against the throne of judgment. Our days! They fly swifter than a shuttle, weaving for us a robe of triumph or a garment of shame. Begin your life with religion and for its greatest trial you will be ready. Every day will be a triumph, and death will be only a King's servant calling you to a royal banquet.

In olden time the man who was to receive the honors of knighthood was required to spend the previous night fully armed, and with shield and lance to walk up and down among the tombs of the dead. Through all the hours of that night his steady step was heard, aud when morning dawned, amid grand parade and the sound of cornets, the honors of knighthood were bestowed. Thus it shall be with the good man's soul in the night before heaven. Fully armed with shield and sword and helmet, he shall watch and wait until the darkness fly and the morning break, and amid the sound of celestial harpings the soul shall take the honors of heaven amid the innumerable throng with robes snowy white streaming over seas of sapphire.

Mordecai will only have to wait for his day of triumph. It took all the preceding trials to make a proper background for his after success. The scaffold built for him makes all the more imposing and picturesque the horse into whose long white mane he twisted his fingers at the mounting. You want at least two misfortunes, hard as flint, to strike fire. Heavy and long continued snows in the winter are signs of good crops next summer. So many have yielded wonderful harvests of benevolence and energy because they were a long while snowed under. We must have a good many hard falls before we learn to walk straight. It is on the black anvil of trouble that men hammer out their fortunes. Sorrows take up men on their shoulders and enthrone them. Tonics are nearly always bitter. Men, like fruit trees, are barren, unless trimmed with sharp knives. They are like wheat—all the better for the flailing. It required the prison darkness and chill to make John Bunyan dream. It took Delaware ice and cold feet at Valley Forge, and the whizz of bullets, to make a Washington. Paul when he climbed up on the beach of Melita, shivering in his wet clothes, was more of a Christian than when the ship struck the breakers. Prescott, the historian, saw better without his eyes than he could ever have seen with them. Mordecai despised at the gate, is only predecessor of Mordecai grandly mounted.

ELIJAH WATSON, of Rushville, Me., has doubtless held the office of postmaster longer than any other incumbent in the United States, having been appointed in 1842 on the establishment of that office. He is still vigorous, and meets all trains with and for his mail as regularly as he has for so many years.

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR JUNE 1.

Lesson Text: "The Good Samaritan," Luke x., 25-37—Golden Text—Lev. xix., 18—Commentary.

All that is recorded between the sending forth of the seventy and the events of today's lesson is found in the intervening verses of this chapter. Note the power over all the power of the enemy granted to the seventy, with the promise that nothing should by any means hurt them (v, 19), also the greatness of having our names written in heaven (v, 20), and the blessedness of having a child like spirit.

25. "And behold, a certain lawyer stood up and tempted Him." The word signified to try or prove, and Jesus was tried, or proved, or tempted, first by the devil himself in the wilderness, then all through His public ministry He was continually tried by scribes and Pharisees and Sadducees, and also by His own followers, but He never failed. He was in all points tempted like as we are yet without sin. Having thus suffered He is able to succor them that are tempted.

"Master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life?" The same question was asked by the rich young ruler (Chap. xviii., 18), and virtually the same on another occasion (John vi., 28). The answer in each case was given to suit those who asked and to meet their need The mistake of each was the same that prevails at all times, viz., that eternal life can be obtained by some doing on our part. It is the mistake of all who are wise and prudent in their own eyes. How much can a babe do to help itself? Try and think of a single thing. It must be cared for or perish. Just so with the sinner.

26. "He said unto him, What is written in the law? how readest thou?" Being a lawyer he was supposed to know the law, and to that Jesus refers him. The law is sometimes a general name for the books of Moses, and sometimes signifies the ten commandments, or the larger law concerning all rites and ceremonies. The law, the prophets and the psalms is the Saviour's summary of all Scripture (Luke xxiv., 27, 44). Is there anything concerning which you would like to ask Jesus a question? See here what He would probably say to you: "What is written? how readest thou?" If you would have to reply: "I do not know, Lord, for I have not read the Bible carefully," then begin quickly to read much and carefully, so that you may know what is written. Otherwise those who never saw a Bible may rise against you in the judgment.

27. "And He answering said, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, * * * and thy neighbor as thyself." He was perhaps more ready with an answer than many of us would have been. He quoted from Deut. vi., 5, and Lev. xix., 18, putting together in one statement two which were widely separated in the law, and thus giving a concise and correct summary.

28. "And He said unto to him, Thou hast answered right; this do, and thou shalt live." The keeping of law which God requires was explained by the Saviour in His sermon on the mount, when He taught that hatred in the heart was equal to murder, and a lustful look equal to adultery. Let any one stand forth able to say truly that he has kept the whole law in thought, word and deed, the same would be a righteous man, having life, needing no Saviour. But such an one never lived, for "all have sinned and come short of the glory of God," and "therefore by the deeds of the law there shall no flesh be justified in His sight." The law of God and its holy requirements stops every mouth and makes all the world guilty before God (Rom. iii., 19, 20, 23).

29. "But he, willing (R. V. desiring) to justify himself, said unto Jesus, and who is my neighbor?" The sinner, convinced of his sin, is ready to condemn himself, plead guilty and humbly seek forgiveness. But this man was not convicted of sin; he was not truly seeking life; he was against Christ, and was seeking to catch Him in His words, that he might condemn Him; therefore he asks this question, not because he really wanted to know, but simply to try the Saviour still further.

30. "And Jesus answering, said, A certain man went down from Jerusalem to Jericho." As He had drawn from the lawyer the answer to the first question, so He will draw from the answer to His second and send him away confounded. This poor traveler, robbed, stripped, wounded and half dead, may be taken as a type of every sinner. The two great roads on which all are traveling lead—the one upward to peace and glory, the other downward to ruin and destruction. The devil is the great thief and destroyer, and lays hands on all who will let him. Happy for them if they are rescued even in the condition of this poor man.

31. "And by chance a certain priest was going down that way" (R. V.). There were lots of them on the downward road in the Saviour's time of humiliation, and there are plenty still traveling in the same way, even though called priests.

"And when he saw Him, he passed by on the other side." And yet a priest was supposed to live nearer to God than any one else and have more of the Spirit of God. Here was a man professing to be a living embodiment of God's law and yet had none of its true spirit.

32. "And in like manner a Levite also, when he came to the place, and saw Him, passed by on the other side." Here is another most religious person, next in standing to the priests. The Levites were to "stand before the Lord, to minister unto Him, and to bless in His name" (Deut. x., 8). But here is one, appointed to bless in the name of the Lord, withholding the blessing and passing by on the other side, just like the priest who went before him. He acts as if he, too, was on the down grade. What does it matter though a man be called a priest, or a bishop, or an archbishop, a reverend or a right reverend, a D. D. or an LL. D.? If he has not the spirit of Christ he is none of His; he is on the downward road, and unless washed in the blood of the Lamb and saved by His merits and His righteousness shall hear it said in that day: "I never knew you; depart from me, ye that work iniquity" (Matt. vii., 23).

33. "But a certain Samaritan, as he journeyed, came where He was; and when he saw Him, he had compassion on Him. Here is neither a Priest nor a Levite, not even a Scribe or a Pharisee, but only a Samaritan whom all the Jews despised. Type of Jesus Himself treated by His Own as a stranger and an outcast, despised and rejected by them, and looked upon by them as justly stricken and smitten of God. Yet even for them, who hated Him without a cause, He had compassion.

34, 35. "And took care of Him." His compassion was manifested, not in words of pity, but in deeds of love, all summed up in this: "He took care of Him." His loving care is seen in a seven hued rainbow of blessing and mercy. He went to him, bound up His wounds, poured in oil and wine, set Him on his own beast, brought Him to an inn, took care of Him, made provision for His future. The down grade Priest and Levite lived for self and not for others. This Good Samaritan denied self and lived for the good of others.

36. "Which now of these three, thinkest thou, was neighbor unto Him that fell among the thieves?" Jesus has put the matter clearly before him, and now he is to answer his own question as to "Who is my neighbor?" One's neighbor is not always the one who lives next door or across the street, but the one who acts neighborly. Not words but deeds prove the reality of love or friendship. "Not every one that saith, * * * but he that doeth."

37. "And he said, He that showed mercy on him." He has answered his own question, and perhaps this time been compelled to condemn himself, for He who reads the heart had doubtless read him a personal lesson.

"Then said Jesus unto him, Go and do thou likewise." The Saviour knew his man, He saw the hard, impenitent heart, and by bringing him face to face with God's holy law and the spirit of it, He would fain humble him and convince him of sin that he might be saved.—*Lesson Helper.*

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The Sioux are also called the Dakotahs.

In Russia, when a man becomes a baron, all his sons and grandsons are baronized, too.

A Norwegian engineer has invented a machine which can pack 1000 boxes of matches in a minute.

Alaska was discovered in 1741 by Vitus Behring, and became a Russian territory by right of discovery.

There was discovered recently walled up in the cellars of an English brewery some beer that was brewed in 1798.

The brother of a man convicted in New York city on a charge of burglary confessed that he himself was guilty and his brother innocent.

A remarkable flower of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec changes its color during the day, being white in the morning, red at noon and blue at night.

The first turkey cock ever seen in France was served up on the 26th of November, 1570, on the occasion of the marriage of Charles IX and Elizabeth of Austria.

Marshall Pass, on the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, 10,851 feet above the sea level, is the highest point crossed by a railroad inside the limits of the United States.

Two fishermen at Chester, Penn., quarrelled about the ownership of a boat, and neither would surrender his claim. The boat was finally sawed in two, and each took a part.

The steam ferryboat Robert Garrett, plying between Brooklyn and New York city, carries 5000 passengers at a trip, and is said to be the largest steam ferryboat in existence.

A Kent Island (Md.) farmer placed two orphan lambs in the care of a female Newfoundland, whose pups he had sold. She took kindly to the lambs, and treated them with a motherly care.

The largest and heaviest building stone ever quarried in England was taken from the Pinkington Quarry near Norwich, in February, 1889. It was in one piece, without crack or flaw, and weighed over 35 tons. It was 15 feet long, 6 feet high and 5 feet wide.

Half Heron, Half Stork.

The London Zoological Gardens have just received several specimens of the umbretta, which has not been exhibited since the year 1884. It is, however, fairly common throughout the Cape Colony and other parts of Africa, and extends its range to Madagascar. It is one of those birds which has proved a difficulty to the systematist, for it does not fit accurately into any classificatory scheme. It is half a heron and half a stork, with a general appearance which is unlike that of either. On the whole, its structure comes nearer to the heron, and it has the rather melancholy demeanor of that bird. It lives upon fish and frogs. Curiously enough, it is looked upon by some of the natives of both Africa and Madagascar as a bird of evil augury.

In Africa it is held to be sacred and to possess the power of witchcraft. There is something portentous and solemn about the behavior of all these herons and bitterns, which easily accounts for the origin of these legends. Occasionally the umbretta relaxes the severity of its demeanor and executes a fantastic dance with outspread wings. It is also a bird of refined and æsthetic tastes, which are not shared by its immediate kinsmen, the herons and storks. It adorns its nest with buttons, fragments of pottery, bits of glass, and any other bright-looking objects which come in its way. The nest itself is enormous—nearly six feet across—and its interior divided into three chambers. This is a luxury, especially as it only lays two eggs and does not take in any lodgers, such as cuckoos. —[London News.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

Cancer is curable by an early operation.

Black coffee is now suggested as a cure for consumption.

The most valuable metal is vanadium; it is worth $10,000 a pound.

When mines are lighted by incandescent light it is claimed that dangers from fire damp and explosive gases will be minimized.

Flash signals, by means of the heligraph, are used for communicating between stations in New Mexico and Arizona, seventy-five miles apart.

In the course of some excavations lately made at Ludwig's Hafen, on the Rhine, the tibia and two teeth of a mammoth and the jaw of a stag were found.

Mica is now being used as an electrical insulator and lubricant for machinery, so that its use—hitherto chiefly in stove doors—is rapidly extending.

A new albuminous poison, of one hundred times the power of strychnine, has been described by Professor Kobert to the Society of Naturalists of Dorpat.

It has been ascertained by the expedition of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences that Yucatan, geologically, is the youngest portion of the American continent.

A number of interesting observations have lately been made on the destructive power of coffee upon various microbes, and they prove that the organisms die in a longer or shorter period.

Dr. Starr of London, says that it is impossible to draw any conclusion from the size or shape of the head as to the extent or surface of the brain, and so as to the mental capacity.

Japanese horticulturists give a great deal of labor to the production of dwarf trees. Pines, thujas and cedars exhibited at Paris are only eighteen inches high, and are said to be 100 to 150 years old.

The telephone has brought its disease, long-continued use of the instrument being sometimes followed by painful weakness and ringing in the ears and vertigo. Complete rest is the only remedy necessary.

In fishes which swim free and far from shore, such as herrings and lake whitefish, the scales are attached merely by a small area of their rims, and, being only slightly covered with epidermis, are easily rubbed off. Scales thus removed are in many fishes easily renewed.

Some experiments made with mixed fuel of coal and petroleum, on the Italian man-of-war Messaggiero, at Spezzia, are well worth attention. The Messaggiero which never before surpassed fifteen knots an hour, reached almost seventeen with the new combustion. The engineers complain that the immense heat generated injured the boiler, but that, of course, can be met.

A Peculiar Plant.

The Falklands produce no trees, but they do produce wood—wood in a very remarkable shape. You will see, scattered here and there, singular blocks of what look like the weather-beaten, mossy, gray stones, of various sizes. But if you attempt to roll over one of these rounded boulders you will find yourself unable to accomplish it. In fact, the stone is tied down to the ground—tied down by roots; or, in other words, it is not a stone, but a block of living wood. If you examine it at the right time you may be able to find upon it, half hidden among the lichens and mosses, a few of its obscure leaves and flowers. It you try to cut it with an ax you will find it extremely hard to do so. It is entirely unwedgeable, being made up of countless branches, which grow so closely together that they become consolidated into one mass. On a sunny day (if you are lucky enough to see a sunny day in Falkland) you may, perhaps, find on the warm side of the "balsam bog" (for so the living stone is called) a few drops of a fragrant gum, highly prized by the shepherds for its supposed medicinal qualities. This wonderful plant is the bolax glebaria of botanists, and belongs to the same family as do the parsnip and the carrot.—Notes and Queries.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

EVERY CHILD A MONARCH.

A little kingdom I possess,
Where thoughts and feelings dwell,
And very hard I find the task
Of governing it well;
For passion tempts and troubles me,
A wayward will misleads,
And selfishness its shadow casts
On all my words and deeds.

How can I learn to rule myself.
To be the child I should,
Honest and brave, nor ever tire
Of trying to be good?
How can I keep a sunny soul
To shine along life's way?
How can I tune my little heart
To sweetly sing all day?

Dear Father, help me with the love
That casteth out my fear;
Teach me to lean on thee, and feel
That thou art very near.
That no temptation is unseen,
No childish grief too small,
Since thou, with patience infinite,
Doth soothe and comfort all.

I do not ask for any crown
But that which all may win,
Nor seek to conquer any world
Except the one within.
Be thou my guide until I find,
Led by a tender hand,
Thy happy kingdom in myself,
And dare to take command.

—[Louisa M. Alcott.

KNEW THE RING.

It requires quick hearing, sharp observation and a good memory to know always a friend's peculiar ring of the house bell, although there is, no doubt, an individuality in that as in every other human act. Not to be able to do this is not a proof of dullness in child or man; and when done by a cat is worth noting. A lady in Boylston street, in this city, had a cat which for years always left its rug and went down the stairs to the front door when its mistress rang, to meet her if the doors of the room were open; but it took no notice whatever of the ring of anybody else. —[New Orleans Picayune.

MEXICAN CHILDREN.

In Mexico a group of lads from seven to twelve will meet, and each boy will decorously lift his hat, and salutations of extreme courtesy will be exchanged; and then comes the boyish chatter, the run and the laughter, the same as anywhere. Boys here treat their elders with respect. An old man or woman is not the butt of the youth of Mexico; rather for the old people are reserved the shadiest seats under the trees in the parks. A Mexican boy or girl on entering a room always walks around among the company, shaking hands with all, and on leaving the room does the same. Urbanity is taught in the public schools as arithmetic is at home. There is no one jostled on the street; the best seat in the horse car is promptly given up to the ladies, who gracefully acknowledge the favor. I have never seen a Mexican gentleman fail to give his seat to a woman, whether she was richly or poorly dressed.

A LIVING ROPE.

A number of boys were skating and sliding in Yorkshire, England. On a sudden the ice gave way almost in the middle of the lake, and one poor little fellow fell in. There was no house near where they could run for help; no ropes which they could throw to their struggling companion. The boys stood on the bank with pale, sorrowful faces, afraid to try to reach their friend, for fear the ice should give way and swallow them all up.

But one boy suddenly remembered that, although you can not stand a board upright on thin ice without its going through, yet if you lay the same board flat on the ice it will be quite safe. Not only that, but he knew that he could run along the board without fear of cracking the ice.

It took him only a moment to remember all that; the next he spoke to his friends sometsing after this fashion:

"I will lie down flat on the ice near the edge; then one of you must come to my feet and push me along until you, too, can lie down. If you all lie down in that way and push the boy in front of you, we shall make a line long enough to reach poor Reuben."

Thus, taking the post of danger himself, the brave boy was able, by his living rope, to reach his friend. He pulled him out, though he was not a moment too soon, for he was so exhausted with his efforts to keep his head above water that he would very soon have sunk.

EIGHT DROWNED.

Fate of a Pleasure Party on Watuppa Lake, Mass.

An Over-Crowded Boat Causes the Tragedy

A dispatch from Fall River, Mass., says: Eight lives were lost in Watuppa Lake at about 1 o'clock in the afternoon. A boat was overturned twenty feet from the shore, and of the twelve occupants only four were saved. Friends of those who perished were within hearing of the cries for help, but assistance was not available before they were drowned.

The day was bright, and among the thousands who went for a stroll in the country were Samuel Whittles and his wife, who took their three children, aged from eight to twelve years; John Buckley, his wife and their two children, and Walter Turner, a shorthand instructor in Holmes's Commercial College, with his boy, eight years old. The twelfth member of the party was a boarder in Whittles's family named George Hamer, who acted as a rescuer.

They walked briskly across the Narrows and strolled along the east shore of the lake unmindful of the distance until the children began to complain of fatigue. They were too tired to walk home, and it was concluded to row across the lake. A flat-bottomed skiff was obtained from a farmer. The party being large, it was decided not to take any one else along to row, and it was arranged with the owner of the skiff that it should be left on the opposite shore. The skiff was only ten feet long. It was made to hold eight persons.

The six adults and six children crowded into it. The weight sank the boat so low that the water came up to the gunwales. When it had neared the landing at the water works a breeze ruffled the surface of the pond. Little waves rose and leaped over the sides of the boat. One of the children screamed and jumped from one side of the skiff to the other. The other children immediately did so, too, and the boat was capsized.

Turner and Hamer could swim, and they quickly reached the shore. Turner is very delicate, and at once fell in a dead faint. Hamer again sprang into the water, and went to the rescue of his friends, who were clinging to the boat. He grasped one of the Whittles children and returned to land. Then he made another trip and saved John Buckley. The other people could not long hold to the boat.

The screams of the women and children reached the ears of men in the pumping station, but before they could untie their boat and get into it the last of the victims had sunk out of sight.

Grappling parties were formed and bodies were secured. Police emergency officers and physicians made vigorous but vain efforts to resuscitate those who were thus brought ashore. Intense excitement prevailed. In the crowd that gathered were many intimate friends of the Buckleys and Whittles, and as one after another the bodies were placed in a row and life was pronounced extinct, the friends wept. Others in the crowd were forced to tears by the spectacle.

Little Edwin Whittles, who had been saved by Hamer, had lost his father, mother and two brothers. Mr. Buckley could not believe his wife was dead, and for two hours tried to restore her to life. Their two little children lay lifeless beside her.

Turner, whose weak system had sustained a severe shock, was taken to the hospital mourning for his little son, whose body had not been secured, although grappling parties continued to search for it by the light of the moon.

The drowned a:

Mrs. Levina Buckley, aged thirty-five; Fred'k Buckley, aged three; Willie Buckley, aged eight; Willie Turner, aged nine; Samuel Whittles, aged fifty; Mrs. Whittles, aged forty-five: Henry Whittles, aged ten; Samuel Whittles, Jr., aged twelve.

Mr Whittles has been prominent among the English citizens and was generally respected and liked. For years he had been a trusted employe of Cobb, Bates & Yerxa. He was President of the Humboldt Scientific Society and was to have addressed it that evening.

Mrs. Whittles's father met his death by an accident a short time ago.

KEMMLER'S DOOM SEALED.

The Supreme Court Decides That Electrocution is Constitutional.

The Supreme Court of the United States has denied the application for a writ of error in the case of Kemmler, under sentence of death by electricity at the Auburn (N. Y.) Penitentiary. The opinion was by Chief Justice Fuller.

Kemmler's last chance, so far as any legal question is concerned, has thus been exhausted. The opinion follows very closely that of the New York Court of Appeals.

As to Lawyer Sherman's claim that certain rights guaranteed to citizens by the fifth and fourteenth amendments had been abrogated in Kemmler's case, the court says:

As due process of law in the amendment refers to that law of the land which derives its authority from the legislative powers conferred upon Congress by the Constitution of the United States, so, in the fourteenth amendment, the same words refer to that law of the land in each State which derives its authority from the inherent and reserved powers of the State, exerted within the limits of these fundamental principles of liberty and justice. Undoubtedly the amendment forbids any arbitrary deprivation of life, liberty or property, and in the administration of criminal justice requires that no different or higher punishment shall be imposed upon one than such as is prescribed for all for like offenses, but it was not designed to interfere with the power of the State to protect the lives, liberties and property of its citizens. The enactment of this statute was in itself within the legitimate sphere of the legislative power of the State.

In an interview at Auburn, N. Y., Warden Durston said that he believed that Kemmler would be electrocuted some time in August. Whether he or the Sheriff of Erie County would electrocute him would undoubtedly be determined next month.

Besides Kemmler there were four other convicted murderers in New York State whose fate depended upon the Court of Appeals decision. They are:

Jugigo, who killed a fellow-Japanese in a boarding house in New York city.

McIlvane, who stabbed Grocer Luca to death in Brooklyn.

Slocum, who killed his wife in New York with a baseball club.

Wood, a colored man, who killed a fellow-laborer named Charles Ruffin on the Croton aqueduct last year.

THE seven-weeks-old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Hancock, of Fort Dodge, Iowa, jabbed his little fist into his grandmother's eye and the old lady now has only one optic.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. H. A. THOMPSON.

SWOPE & THOMPSON,
Editors & Proprietors.

"THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25
For Advertising Rates, apply to Publishers.

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as Second Calss Mail Matter.

Cassville.

Miss Ella Brown was at McConnellstown on Thursday, to see Miss Anna Heffner married to Gavin Stewart.

Hermen and Hinkle, peddlers, lost their pocket-book this week. It has not been found, or, at least, returned. It contained $57 in money and $740 in notes.

Jesse McClain, of Tod township, lost his pocket-book out on the ridge someplace. Did not learn the amount lost, but, I think, less than $40.

Norval Greenland and Elba Green have been attending Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., at Pittsburg.

Lulu Green has been visiting friends at McConnellstown.

We learn that Mrs. R. P. Smith and Mrs. Jno. Irvin are both improving. They have both been in very bad health.

J. O. Heaton is taking in Bedford county; J. L. Houck part of Mifflin and northern Huntingdon counties.

Dr. A. J. Hamilton went to Philadelphia on Friday to bring back Dr. Hunter's wife, who has been there for surgical treatment.

This valley has a candidate, for nomination, for legislature; associate judge, three; commissioner, two; register and recorder, one; others to hear from.

The changeable and rather disagreeable weather has distributed quite a number of bad colds in this vicinity.

George Washington Diggens has returned after a protracted visit to Altoona. All roads lead to Cassville when George is away.

J. H. Rindlaub, our accommodating mail carrier has been hauling numerous passengers this week.

Miss Jennie Moyer spent a few days among relatives in Huntingdon. She came back looking as pleasant as when she went away.

Our neighbor has a dog that heard him say he would like to see about his work at 1 o'clock, a. m., of next day. At 12.30, his dog came to the door and barked till the neighbor got awake.

George Snyder and wife are visiting here for the first time in their wedded life, six months ago.

If it were not for the rain, the white-wash-brush would soon make Cassville wear a much better appearance.

Very little notice seems to have been taken of the fact that Saturday is Republican primary election for governor. In fact, few seem to be well settled in their conclusions, and, when Saturday comes, will scarcely care how they vote. This should not be the case, as each has a right to his unmolested say, and should have an intelligent opinion.

There is to be a meeting at the M. E. church on Tuesday, at 2.30, p. m. The purpose is to take the first steps toward building a new church. It is very much needed.

The Post is to decorate the graves on the 30th inst., at this place. I believe 9 o'clock is the hour, and the speech is to be made at Calvin by Rev. Spangler, of Port Royal. Why shouldn't everybody turn out and Cassville have a programme second to none? There is nothing like enthusiasm on that day, and we have many who would be patriots. Let it be exemplified;

Stage Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville & Mill Creek.

The undersigned has just placed on the old stage route between Mill Creek and Cassvile a new hack, and is prepared to give patrons first class accommodations. Leave Cassville every morning at 7.30 o'clock arriving at Mill Creek in time for Way Passenger; returning leave Mill Creek at 2.30 p. m. Patronage solicited.

J. H. RINDLAUB.

Instructions in morals and manners. How to improve grammar, and how to talk and appear well in society. Wholesome advice for growing daughters, given sugar-coated by pure fiction and confidential talks.

This is a Special Department in

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

The **MAY** number, now on the News Stands, contains some wholesome advice by RUTH ASHMORE for young women, on

"The Use of Slang," "The Oldest Girl,"
"When You Choose a Sweetheart,"

And a splendid "Letter to Beth," by KATE TANNATT WOODS.

The May number is a specially strong issue, beautifully illustrated. Handsomest magazine printed.

Edited by EDWARD W. BOK.

On the News Stands. 10 Cents a Copy.

Our 40-page Premium Catalogue, including Art Needlework Instructions, mailed FREE upon application.

CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Spring Millinery

I have now a large and full line of Spring Millinery, Dry Goods, Notions, and Furnishing Goods for Ladies.

Trimmings, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Silks, Satins, Laces, Sashes, Ribbons, Etc.

Prices As Low As the Lowest!

Ladies, come and see my Goods.

Mrs. M. E. Evans,

MARKET STREET. - MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

A Fine Stock!
Good Taste!
Reasonable Prices!

always have their effect on buyers. The new stock of

Millinery And Fancy Goods

which I recently bought so well pleased the people of this vicinity that my sales have been unprecedented.

I am adding new goods almost every day, and I cordially invite the ladies of Mapleton and vicinity to come and inspect them.

Miss Mattie Robley,
Main Street, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

NOTICE.—Having secured the exclusive right to pasture cattle in Scrub Gap, I hereby give notice that I have arranged for the driving of town cows and will drive and pasture the same for 75 cents a month for one cow, or one dollar for two cows.

4-23-90tf. D. M. COWHER.

New Shoe Store.

Having opened a new Shoe Store in

Hazlett's Block,

402 Penn St., Huntingdon, Pa.,

I respectfully ask a share of patronage.

You will find a complete asortment of

BOOTS and SHOES, GAITERS, SLIPPERS and RUBBER GOODS, ETC., ETC.,

To suit everybody from the infant to the oldest citizen, and the prices are as low as can be had anywhere. The room is well lighted, attractive, and goods show to advantage. No trouble to show goods, and all are welcome to inspect them.

Goods sold for cash giving the customer the advantage of the extra per cent, usually added for delinquents.

GEO. W. YOCUM.

D. S. Ewing, Gen'l Agt.,
1127 Chestnut St.,
Philadelphia, Penn'a.

NOTICE is hereby given that A. W. Swope, of the firm of Swope & Gayton, has this day transferred his entire interest in the shipping of stone of all kinds from the Mapleton quarries to I. N. Swope. The business will be continued under the firm name of Swope & Gayton. A. W. SWOPE.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 18, 1890.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of SUSAN MONTGOMERY, Dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of Susan Montgomery, late deceased, of the Borough of Mapleton, county of Huntingdon, and state of Pennsylvania, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate settlement and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. M. LOGAN,
Mapleton, Pa., May 19, '90. Administrator.

Cash or 30 days, No longer time!

SPECIAL SALE THIS WEEK.

Our friends kept us out of bread one day last week. We were told we could not have it unless we sold it for 7 cents per loaf, or 4 for 25 cents. We declined, as we always make our own prices, and are satisfied to get 6 cents for bread.

SUNSHADES and UMBRELLAS.

22-inch,	63c.
24 "	72c.
26 "	83c.
28 "	94c.

Extra Quality Black Sateen, guaranteed fast color, finished in natural wood, oxidized and gold mounted handles. Also, lot of Fancy Coaching Parasols and Umbrellas, very cheap.

Another lot Dry Goods received this week.

Prints, 4c up.

Muslin, 6 cents up.

Cambric, 10c, Extra Quality.

Large line Lawns, White Goods, and Chelli, Ginghams and Chembreys from 6c to 10c.

30-inch Henrietta Cloth at 30c per yard, brown and black only.

We buy our Boots and Shoes from the manufacturer and pay net spot cash for them. By so doing we get them at lowest porsible prices. We have placed an order with our manufacturer for nearly 500 pairs this Spring.

We can give you bargains in many lines.

We will have in another lot of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Oxford Ties next week.

Our Clothing business surprises even ourselves; sales increasing every day, which proves that goods rightly bought, for cash, is bound to win.

Men's Suits, $2.75 up. Boys' 2-piece Suits, $1.25 up. Men's odd Pants, 95c, $1, $1.25 to $3.25. Our $3.25 line is elegant and usually sold by regular houses at $5.00 to $6.00.

Buy your Wall Paper and Border here. Large line to select from.

Fine line of Men's and Boys' Dress Flannel Shirts and Ties.

Extra Bargains in Men's, Boys' and Children's Fur, Wool and Straw Hats.

We can and will save you money in Carpets, Rugs and Floor Oil Cloths.

Anything you need in the above line, call and see samples and learn our prices.

Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Wall Paper and Border,
Window Shades,
Queensware,
Glassware,
Hardware,
Tinware,
Wood and Willow-ware,
Fresh and Cured Meats,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Carpets and Oil Clothes,
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Putty,
Flour, Feed and Grain.

B. O'Connor & Sons

BUSINESS IS BOOMING at the NEW STORE.

Standard Table Peaches, 2 cans,	25c
4 lbs. Rice,	25c
3 cans Tomatoes,	25c
4 " String Beans,	25c
3 " Corn,	25c
3 " Pie Peaches,	25c
Best Black Japan or Green Tea,	40c
Hand Lamps, complete,	20c

A full line of Queensware, consisting of Chamber Sets, sets Dishes, and Piece Goods.

FLOUR and FEED

as low as any of our competitors. We are selling best Roller Flour, this week, at $1.15.

Wood and Willow-ware,

Oil Cloths of all kinds and grades, at bottom figures.

Our stock of

CLOTHING

at cost.

Our store is the place to buy your

BOOTS AND SHOES

We have the largest stock in town, and in order to move our surplus stock, we are offering, for the next 30 days, BOOTS AT COST. Come and examine our stock when you need Boots, and save 20 per cent.

All of our

WOOLEN GOODS

Has been reduced in price. Come and examine them and learn prices. Save money by buying from us.

We carry the most complete line of

BUTTONS

In town, and will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest.

You will find our store always stocked with the best goods the market can afford, and our prices in many instances, lower than our competitors.

WANTED.

CROSS TIES,

and all kinds of

Country Produce,

For which we will pay the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Call and see us, whether you wish to buy or not. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully,

A. B. Gillam & Bro.,

Rex's Old Stand,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Penn'a, May 28, 1890.

LOCAL NOTES.

—D. *M.* Evans, Esq., has been on the sick list for several days past.

—'Squire Wilson, of Cassville, was a visitor to our office yesterday.

—Mrs. Lou J. Craig left last Thursday for Mifflin county, her home.

—P. H. Davis, of Mt. Union, was hereaways on business last Friday.

—L. M. Speer and wife spent Sabbath with Mrs. S.'s parents at Tyrone.

—Mrs. R. C. Yocum and children visited friends and relatives in Altoona last week.

—L. S. Wible and wife, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday with their many Mapleton friends.

—J. G. Dell yesterday moved from Smith Valley to his new house in the eastern part of town.

—S. S. Willard, brother-in-law of W. H. and George Morgan, was on a business trip to Mapleton last week.

—Another large lot ot hats and caps, boots and shoes, and dry goods received at B. O'Connor & Sons' this week.

—*M.* L. Rex has put the walk about his office, hall and store room in excellent condition. It is substantially a new walk.

—Republican delegate elections will be held next Saturday evening. The new rules require these elections to be by ballot.

—Robert H. Broombaugh had an attack of congestion of the brain last Friday. He is somewhat improved at this writing.

—J. P. *W*ilson is making some extensive improvements to his property. He is having his front yard graded and will make it an attractive lawn.

—B. F. Godard has been appointed census enumerator for Mapleton borough and Union township. He received his commission last Friday.

—*M*iss Lillie Hooper, of Huntingdon, arrived in town yesterday evening, and is beautifying the lot in the cemetery in which her father is buried.

—Mrs. Maggie Hall last week sold her house and lot in the eastern part of this borough to Elmer E. Palmer. We did not learn the consideration.

—An error in the administration notice of T. M. Logan last week was caused by the great rush of business, and in this issue it stands corrected.

—I have a lot of choice Hungarian grass seed which I will sell cheap. Call on or address, DAVID SIMPSON,
Mill Creek, Pa.

—A. W. Swope has put down a stone crossing over Sherman street at his residence. Would that Mapleton were blessed with more such improvements.

—Next Sunday will be the anniversary of the great flood of 1889. As the time approaches the Juniata shows a disposition to celebrate by again getting out.

—T. M. Wright and wife, of Bloomington, Illinois, arrived in Mapleton last Thursday on their usual summer vacation. Mapleton always accords these genial people a hearty welcome.

—Just received—Car-load of Flour, Rye Chop, Corn Chop, Corn and Oats Chop, Bran, Corn Meal, Shelled Corn, Oats, and Screenings. Call and examine and learn prices. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—Rev. D. H. Campbell will preach a Memorial Sermon in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning. Harry Corbin Post, No. 200, G. A. R., and Washington Camp, No. 59, Pa., P. O. S. of A., will attend in a body.

—Mapleton Tannery will pay $8.00 per net ton, until July 19, 1890, for good new dry Rock Oak bark, delivered by wagon; and $4.50 per net ton, until August 2, 1890, for good new dry Black Oak bark, delivered by wagon.

—The Altoona *Sunday Graphic News* has entered upon its tenth volume. It differs from other Sunday journals in that scandalous and sensational articles are excluded from its columns. *M*ay it become even more prosperous as it grows older.

—We were wrongly informed as to the number of killed in the wreck at Elizabeth Furnace last week. Engineer Wm. Boyd was the only one killed, his fireman and brakeman being injured, and at present the injured are much improved.

—Allen's Great Eastern Show will exhibit at *M*apleton next Saturday afternoon and evening. A gentleman who has attended this show, informs us that it is the the only show he ever witnessed which performed all it advertised. He says the educated horses and dogs do everything but talk. See advertisement.

—At the show at *M*ount Union last *M*onday, swindlers succeeded in relieving Peter Shaver, an aged citizen of that place, of $500. After considerable trouble and some expense, he recovered his money. A *M*apleton boy is said to have been taken in at the same time and place to the extent of ten dollars.

—Memorial sermons were preached in the M. E. church last Sunday morning by Rev. C. L. Benscoter and in the U. B. church Sunday evening by Rev. W. Cramer. Rev. Benscoter took as his text the words found in Psalms 46 : 9, "He maketh wars to cease unto the end of the earth; he breaketh the bow, and cutteth the spear in sunder; he burneth the chariot in the fire." Rev. Cramer took as his text the words found in 2nd Timothy, 4 : 7, "I have tought a good fight." Large audiences were present on each occasion and the sermons were impressive.

Mrs. Mary Ann Wright.

Mary Ann Wright, of Calvin, Pa., died May 15, 1890.

Mrs. Wright, who was a daughter of Wm. and Sarah Pheasant, deceased, was born in Trough Creek Valley, this county, November 19, 1820. Thus, at the time of her death, was in her 70th year. On March 16, 1841, she was married to Michael Wright, who preceded her to the grave some 33 years, he having died September 4, 1857.

Mrs. Wright was the mother of six children, three sons and three daughters, all of whom are yet living and are honored and respected citizens of the localities in which they live, they being: Wm. P., of Calvin, Pa.; Ephraim M., of Huntingdon, Pa.; Miles B., of Canton, Kansas; Mrs. Geo. W. Taylor, of Hare's Valley; Mrs. Sarah B. Shaffer, of Akron, O., and Jennie D. Wright, of Calvin, Pa.

As a mother she was kind and affectionate; as a neighbor she was highly esteemed. The tender care, the kind assistance rendered her in her last illness, the sympathizing tear that was shed over her bier, all go to show how her life was appreciated and her death lamented by those who knew her best.

Her life was one of devotion to her children and her God. For more than a score of years she was a consistent member of the M. E. church and her religion was a source of great comfort to her in her last day as she lay waiting, as it were, for the messenger to convey her spirit home.

Her remains were laid to rest in the cemetery near Calvin, on Sunday, May 18th, the funeral being one of the largest ever known in the valley. Services were conducted by Rev. Adams, of Cassville, who spoke from 2nd Timothy, 4 : 8, this being the request of the deceased prior to her death.

Mrs. Ida M. Snyder.

Mrs. Ida M. Snyder, wife of William M. Snyder, Chief of Police, of Tyrone, died of bilious fever after a short but painful illness, at ten minutes past one o'clock, Wednesday morning, May 21, 1890, at her home in Tyrone. For the following particulars, we are indebted to the Tyrone *Times:* "The deceased was born at Mapleton on February 16, 1866, and was, therefore, at the time of her death, aged 24 years, 3 months, and 5 days. She was the daughter of James Snyder, who, at present, resides in Bellwood. The whole of her life was spent in Mapleton and Tyrone. When she was quite young, she came along with her father to this place, and this has been her home ever since. She was united in marriage to William M. Snyder on November 3, 1881, at Arch Spring, by Rev. J. J. Coale. The deceased is survived by her husband and four children, who have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community: James Frederick, aged seven; Paul, aged five; William Edward, aged three; and Eva, aged eighteen months. Besides these, she leaves to mourn the loss of a loving daughter and sister, her father, James Snyder, of Bellwood, three sisters and one brother, who are: Mrs. Daniel Herzog, of Tyrone; Mrs. Andrew Harmon, of Altoona; Mrs. Howard Livingston, of Pine Grove; and Ira J. Snyder, of Bellwood.

Smith Valley.

In many of the orchards of our valley can be seen apples as large as beans, and on the same limb blossoms in full bloom and buds not yet out. This is a rare occurrence.

Some of the wheat is going down because of the large growth and wet weather.

G. W. Stever has the boss field of wheat in Smith Valley.

David Dell, of Hare's Valley, raised his barn last Thursday. This new structure will add greatly to the appearance of Mr. Dell's property.

We have been informed that F. R. and A. S. Smith, both of Hare's Valley, are brakeing in the P. R. R. yard at Altoona.

A. M. Dell visited his parents one day last week. Adam looks well and says he likes his new home splendidly.

Marshal H. Decker, who is farming near Altoona, visited his parents on Sunday, the 25th inst.

Miss Blanche Wright, who is living with Mrs. D. M. Evans at Mapleton, visited her parents last week.

We are informed that a certrin man of Huntingdon county, who is worth his thousands, when asked to give something toward getting a flag to be used at his near church for memorial service and all other services with which a flag would be necessarily connected, said that he would go to the service and if his conscience did not prompt him that it was wrong, he would give twenty-five cents. We presume his conscience would be all right if he wanted to hire a man to do work for him at twenty-five cents less than the regular wages. This same man says he is the soldiers' friend. We say, so is Jeff. D.

A large number of young folks met at the residence of S. P. Pheasant on last Saturday evening for the purpose of having a surprise party for Miss Annie E. Pheasant. The event was a joyous one and was a perfect surprise to Miss Annie. There were present 31 of her young friends and they report having had a very good time and enjoyed themselves until the clock told them it was time to retire to keep from breaking the Sabbath.

The memorial sermon, preached in Bowman's Chapel by Rev. Adams, at 3.30 o'clock, last Sunday afternoon, was the best we ever heard. Mr. Adams took for the base of his discourse a portion of the holy word as recorded in II Timothy 2 ch. and 3 v.—"Thou therefore endure hardness as a good soldier of Jesus Christ." Mr. Adams showed plainly to all who were present that the life of a true follower of Jesus Christ is characteristic of the life of a soldier. To prove this, he took several important points, as follows. They both must endure hardships; they both must be enlisted into the service before they can go to the field of battle; that the enlistment of all true soldiers in both armies must be voluntary: that all must be under the command of a commanding officer or conquering hero; and, that after the battle is over, all shall be crowned with honor and glory. The church was crowded and all were well pleased with the discourse. About thirty soldiers were present to hear the sermon, most of whom belong to Capt. Charles Mitchell Post, G. A. R., of Cassville, and Harry Corbin Post, of Mapleton. Mr. Adams can rest assurred that he has the heart and hand of every soldier that was present to hear his memorial sermon.

Keep in the Cupboard.

Now that "La Grippe" or Influenza, is so prevalent, it is well to keep a bottle of Downs' Elixer in the medicine cupboard, ready for immediate use. It is very efficacious in warding off the disease, and will afford immediate relief when the disease makes its appearance, besides very materially shortening the time which it will naturally run. This used in connection with Arnica Oil Liniment rubbed on the chest, will greatly mitigate the unpleasant features of the ailment. For sale by A. B. Gillam & Bro.

—The property sold last Friday as the property of Sarah J. Barkley, dec'd, by administrator A. W. Swope, was purchased as follows: The Crumbaker property to S. S. Willard for $105; the mansion property to S. S. Willard for $525; the Wilson property to L. M. Speer for $300, including mortgage of $190; one vacant lot adjoining Samuel Harvey's property on the west, to T. W. Smith for $137.50; the house and lot west of lot purchased by Mr. Smith to Marshall Truax for $280. The mansion property was purchased from Mr. Willard by L. M. Speer at private sale. Consideration, $525.

A Great Chance to Save Dimes and Dollars.

ALL we have to say is, that we are prepared for the largest season of business ever done in Mapleton.

We have the seasonable goods and styles, which we are going to put at the right prices.

Our new and stylish Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Neck wear, etc., are selling at the lowest prices.

Lowest prices, best goods, and honest treatment make us the leaders in our business.

We have just received an assortment of Wall Paper which we are selling lower than ever before. Don't fail to come and see them.

By buying you Goods from us, we will save you **Dimes and Dollars.**

No, it cannot be true unless my eyes will deceive the great reduction we have made since we located in Mapleton. We have put our prices down to the lowest.

Prints as low as 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents per yard.

The best Bonnet Gingham 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents. Dress Ginghams 6, 7, 8 and 9 cents.

Muslins 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 cents.

Lawns, yard wide, 6, 7, 9, 12 and 13 cents.

Men and Boys' Suits marked down.

Straw Hats reduced to 10, 20, 25 cents and upwards.

Neckwear worth 25c at 12c.

A line of Window Shades which defy competition.

Have just received a line of Groceries, which we offer as follows:

3 cans Tomatoes,	25c
3 " Corn,	25c
3 " Pie Peaches,	25c
2 lbs. Dried Peaches,	25c
1 lb. Soup Beans,	5c
1 " best Prunes,	12c
1 " Roasted Coffee,	25 and 26c
Ham per lb.,	12c
Shoulder per lb.,	8c
Clear Sides, per lb.,	9c
Bacon Lard, " "	9c
Best quality Syrups per gal.,	45c
Fresh Cheese per lb.,	13c

A bargain in Tinware.

Gilt Picture Frames at remarkably low prices.

Table Oil Cloth 27c and 30c per yard.

Floor Oil Cloth, 1½ yard wide, 47c per yard; 1¼ yard wide, 31c per yard.

Our line of Wall Paper excels any ever offered to the people of Mapleton.

Shoes marked down to rock bottom prices.

Business increasing day by day. We invite you to come, examine our goods and prices and be convinced that we are running the cheapest store in Mapleton.

Koller & Abel,

Rex's Hall,

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

J. G. Gillam.

Study Economy.

Buy your Goods where you get best value for your money. We don't pretend to do as much blowing as others, but Goods and Prices talk a more accurate and expressive language than idle words.

We have made some

Remarkable Cuts in Prices!

and are selling some goods below cost. This does't look reasonable, but it is nevertheless true. We have our reasons for so doing.

What Do You think of These Prices?

8-cent Calicoes reduced to 6½ cents.
Ginghams, 6, 8, 10 and 12½c per yd.
—worth more money.
Muslins, 6 to 10 cents per yard, and special price by the web.
10-cent Shirting reduced to 8 cents.
12½-cent " " 10 "
So you see what money you will save by buying Dry Goods from us.

We have a lot of calicoes we are selling at 5 cents. Now, you think these are not standard goods. There you are mistaken, They are genuine madder prints and usually sell at 8 cents per yard. We got a bargain in them and are offering you the benefit of it. We have also a lot of 4-cent muslin. Come and see it.

"No flies on you!" There doesn't need to be. We have screen doors, which will fit any doorway, for $1.00 and screen wire by the yard. Buy a Mexican Hammock if you want a good one. We sell them.

We have opened up our stock of Straw Goods. It is, perhaps, a little cool yet for straw hats, but spring-time is here, and we are prepared to meet the season. If you want a neat stylish Hat, you can get it at our store.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

We buy our Shoes direct from Boston, the greasest shoe market in the United States, and pay spot cash, which means a saving of about 10%, or 10% less than 3-month houses. We propose to give you the advantage of this, and you will **open your eyes** when you learn our prices. Think of a woman's Kid Shoe for $1.00 per pair, or a man's (solid) Fine Shoe for $1.50. These are great bargains and can not be duplicated.

How soon do you want a Spring suit? We will take your measure, if we cannot suit you in our large and well-selected stock, and get you a suit just as you want it at short notice. We have a nice line of samples from which to make a selection. Come and see them.

We are selling Linen Collars at 10 cents each.

We are selling Corsets at less than cost—
A $1.00 Corset for 75 cents.
A 75-cent Corset for 65 cents.
A 50-cent Corset for 40 cents.

The nicest, nobbiest, and most fashionable summer goods are yachting Flannels. We sell them at only 15 cents per yard. Come and see them.

A lot of Fence Pickets at $1.25 per hundred.

Respectfully,
J. G. GILLAM.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

CAPTAIN MALVERN GRINDLE and his brother Frederick were drowned at Castine, Me, by the capsizing of a boat.

HENRY MARTIN, of Piscataway Township, N. J., died in his one hundred and first year. He was the pioneer oysterman of the Raritan River.

JEREMIAH CURRIER, nineteen, of Manchester, N. H., snapped a revolver at his twelve-year-old brother. The gun happened to be loaded and the boy dropped dead.

THE Public Grain and Stock Exchange, limited, of 18 Wall street, New York city, the largest bucket shop in the country, has suspended with liabilities of about $2,000,000.

FLOODS have ruined crops and washed out railroads in Central New York. Canisteo, N. Y., was inundated, and great damage was inflicted at Utica, Buffalo, Hornellsville and Binghamton.

RICHARD VAUX (Democrat) was elected to Congress from the Third District of Pennsylvania, to succeed S. J. Randall.

JOHN MARONEY, a scooper, fell into the hold of the steam barge Italia at Buffalo, N. Y., and was instantly killed. His sister, Mrs. Thomas Hanrahan, upon being notified of his death fell dead from heart disease.

THE Union Labor Convention of Portland, Me., has nominated I.R.Clark for Governor.

LUDWIG MARQUARDT, an artist, of Philadelphia, Penn., murdered his wife, Frederika, by shooting her several times, and died shortly afterward from the effects of poison he had evidently taken before attempting his wife's life.

BOSTON striking carpenters have received a draft for $5000 from the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners of England.

GEORGE W. ROBERTS, who for twenty years has been the book-keeper and confidential manager of the Smith & Griggs Manufacturing Company, at Waterbury, Conn., was arrested, charged with embezzling $10,000.

C. F. L. KINNIER, cashier of the Pennsylvania Gas Company, at Warren, is a defaulter to the amount of $10,000.

A FREIGHT wreck occurred at Elizabeth Furnace, Penn. Fifteen cars and one engine were demolished. An engineer, a fireman and two brakemen were killed.

SIX washouts were reported on the Upper Coos Railroad, in New Hampshire. A wrecking train that started out to make repairs went through an undermined bridge six miles north of Stratford. J. Twohey, Superintendent of the road, and a section man were buried under the engine and killed.

THE oldest resident of Staten Island, N. Y., Mrs. Marie Tucker, died at South Beach, at the age of 102 years.

THE Central Freight House, at Albany, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of nearly $200,000.

STATE SENATOR E. F. MCDONALD, of Hudson County, was unseated by the New Jersey Senate. W. S. Stuhr, contestant for his seat, was sworn in.

J. MONROE SHELLENBERGER, the lawyer of Doylestown, Penn., convicted of defrauding many farmers and widows, was sent to prison for twenty-two years.

CLARENCE F. JEWETT has disappeared from Boston, Mass., and a number of people shoulder a loss of about $75,000, due to his issue of 400 bogus shares of stock in the C. F. Jewett Publishing Company.

South and West.

MARION TUCKER, a farmer living a short distance from Stanton, Neb., while out rowing on a small lake on his farm with his two children, upset the boat and the three were drowned.

THE millers of Southern Illinois and Eastern Missouri have formed a trust and will operate the sixteen mills as one, thus controling the price of flour in the South and Southwest.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR JONES, of Florida, was committed to an insane asylum near Detroit, Mich.

DUPONT, Ga., was visited by the heaviest hailstorm ever known in the history of the town. The stones averaged from three-quarters of an inch to an inch in length. Crops will be totally ruined by the severity of the storm. The hail lasted from twenty to thirty minutes.

BOB CRAWFORD, a white convict, committed suicide at the Platt mines near Birmingham, Ala., by blowing himself up with dynamite, which had been given him to blast mines.

SENATOR-ELECT CARLISLE, of Kentucky, decided to continue to occupy his seat in the House until the McKinley bill had been voted upon.

KATE KANE, a lawyer of Chicago, was admitted to membership before the bar of the Supreme Court in Washington on the motion of Robert G. Ingersoll. Miss Kane is the eighth woman lawyer to add her name to the Supreme Court list.

CITY TREASURER PEAKE, of Kansas City, Mo., was suspended from office, a shortage of between $17,000 and $20,000 having been discovered in his accounts.

EDWARD FLADUNG, a German, shot and killed his wife at San Francisco, Cal., and then shot himself, inflicting a fatal wound. His wife had left him on account of a domestic quarrel.

A MARE belonging to William Barnes, near Elmwood, Mo., recently foaled a trio of colts. It is believed to be the only case on record.

A LABORER named James Hendrickson, sixty-five years old, in Chicago, Ill., unsuccessfully attempted to shoot his daughter, Mrs. Peterson, fatally wounded his wife and killed himself within a minute.

GRANT ANDERSON, colored, was taken from the court room at Columbus, Miss., where he was being tried for assault upon a thirteen-year-old girl, and hanged to the nearest tree.

HOTEL KEEPER LITTLEFIELD, of Jesup, Ga., shot and killed County Surveyor McCall and his unfaithful wife, Mrs. Littlefield.

DURING a thunder storm two colored farm hands living on the Jennings plantation near Augusta, Ga., were instantly killed by lightning.

PRIVATE TIGHE, of Battery F, First Artillery, was shot and killed at Fortress Monroe, Va., by Private Manning, of the same regiment.

MIKE BACHOT, Mat Scholar, Joseph Genesirm and Dominick Ginglia, miners, were killed by a rock falling on them in the South Hecla (Mich.) mine.

Washington.

THE United States Supreme Court rendered a decision in the Fiske will case adverse to Cornell University, of Ithaca, N. Y. This result means a loss to the university of about $1,750,000. Decisions were also handed down declaring the dressed beef law of Minnesota to be unconstitutional, and declaring the confiscation of $750,000 worth of property belonging to the Mormon Church to have been just.

THE President sent to Congress a letter of the Secretary of State submitting the plan for a preliminary survey for a railway line to connect the principal cities of the American Hemisphere, in accordance with the recommendations of the Pan-American Conference. The share of the United States in the cost of the survey will be $65,000.

SENATOR BLAIR introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, providing that neither the United States nor any State shall pass any law authorizing the establishment or maintenance of any lottery or distribution of prizes by chance.

THE seat in the Senate formerly occupied by Mr. Beck will hereafter belong to Mr. Reagan, of Texas, and Mr. Carlisle, when he is sworn in, will be assigned to one of the chairs at the end of the outer row.

THE resignation of Sergeant-at-Arms Canaday was presented in the Senate, to take effect June 30.

AT a Cabinet meeting the British proposals for a settlement of the seal question were rejected, and the United States war ship Bear has been ordered to seize and dismantle British vessels engaged in sealing in Behring Sea.

PRESIDENT HARRISON signed an act providing that all mail matter, of whatever class, relative to the census, and addressed to the Census Office, to the Superintendent of Census, his chief clerk, supervisors, or enumerators, shall be transported free by registered mail.

THE President has nominated Isaac W. Dyer to be United States Attorney for the District of Maine.

J. D. ABRAHAMS, Deputy Controller of the Currency, tendered his resignation to the Secretary of the Treasury.

THE United States Navy Department has formally accepted the cruiser Vesuvius from the contractors, the Pneumatic Dynamite Gun Company, of New York.

ORDERS have been given to the United States steamer Rush, similar to those of the Bear, to go to Behring Sea, and seize illegal sealers.

THE President gave a special reception at the White House to the delegates to the National Conference of Charities and Correction.

THE United States Controller of the Currency has issued a call to the National banks for a report of their condition.

Foreign.

SIR ALFRED KIRBY, owner of the Deptford Distilling Works, London, England, has failed, with liabilities estimated at $1,160,000.

THE new Japanese Cabinet has been formed, the Minister of Agriculture being the late Minister to the United States.

RUSSIA has made one of her periodical demands on Turkey for the payment of the war indemnity. The Russian Ambassador at the Porte has threatened that unless the arrears from the new loan are paid Russia will reserve the right to take further measures.

THE International Miners' Conference opened in Brussels, Belgium.

THE marriage of Miss Clara Ward, of Detroit, Mich., and Prince de Caraman Chimay, son of Prince de Chimay, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, took place at Paris. The witnesses for the bride were Mr. Whitelaw Reid, the American Minister to France, and Lord Lytton, the British Ambassador.

A SERIOUS collision between the striking colliers and the troops occurred at Pilsen, Bohemia, in which five of the strikers were killed and seven wounded.

FRANCISCO ROMERO, a tax collector in Merida, Yucatan, committed suicide by shooting because he was found to be $8000 short in his accounts.

EYRAUD, the Paris murderer, was captured in Havana, Cuba.

THE Provincial Government of Nova Scotia is sustained in the elections by a large majority. Twenty-eight Government candidates are reported elected out of a House of thirty-eight members.

DISPATCHES from Acheen, Africa, say that the Dutch lost three killed and fourteen wounded in a futile attempt to recover a position from which they had been driven by the natives. The latter lost fourteen killed.

A DISPATCH from Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, says that twenty-six persons were killed and forty-one wounded in the recent rising at Puerto Alegre.

CHILE declines to sign the Pan-American treaty for compulsory arbitration.

AT Conselice, Italy, a mob of 500 women and 200 navvies who had gone on strike tried to force an entrance into the Town Hall, shouting "We are starving!" The crowd stoned the troops who were guarding the Municipal Building and the latter were compelled to use their firearms. Several persons were killed and a number were wounded.

THE workmen employed in the Prussian State gun factories at Spandau have received an advance of twenty per cent. in their wages.

QUEEN VICTORIA left London for the Highlands of Scotland.

PRESIDENT CARNOT, of France, left Paris to make a tour of the provinces. He first arrived at Montelimar, Department of Drome, where he was enthusiastically received. From Montelimar he went to Avignon, Nimes, Besancon, Vesoul and Bedfort.

LABOR riots occurred in Ravenna, Italy. Three peasants were killed and numerous soldiers wounded. The latter earn only fourteen cents a day.

A BIG HAILSTORM.

Hundreds of Sheep Killed by Ice Pellets as Large as Hens' Eggs.

A terrible cyclonic wave, rain, and hailstorm passed over parts of Congress, Canaan, Chester, Milton, and Chippewa townships in Ohio, doing a tremendous amount of damage. The storm swept a section three miles in width and eighteen in length. The most serious damage was done in and near the villages of Congress and Rowsburg. In Congress every pane of glass facing north and west, unprotected by blinds, was broken by hail stones, which ranged in size from a pea to a hen's egg, and fell to a depth of eight inches. Entire orchards and strips of oak timber were blown down. Many houses, barns and outbuildings were unroofed or blown down.

The hail stones were so large and fell with such force as to be driven through roofs covered with oak shingles. At Rowsburg hail fell to the depth of eight to twelve inches. Hundreds of sheep were killed.

VICTORIOUS FRENCH.

They Capture Two Towns and Kill 1500 Dahomians in Africa.

The *Temps*, of Paris, publishes a despatch from Senegal, Africa, stating that the French have captured Segou and Auosebougon after conflicts with the Dahomians. The forces of the Dahomians at the battle at Auosebougon, which took place on April 25, numbered fifteen hundred. All of them were killed. The French loss was fifteen killed and seventy-two wounded.

LATER NEWS.

THE United States man-of-war Pensacola returned to New York harbor from her cruise to Africa, bringing the scientists who went thither to observe the eclipse.

MISS ALICE G. MCGEE, who was admitted to the Warren County (Penn.) Bar a few days ago, is the third lady to be admitted to practice in the courts of Pennsylvania. She is a beautiful blonde, tall and willowy, with a graceful poise of the head, and is an adept in correct gesticulation.

TWO construction trains on the New York and New Haven road collided near South Lynne, Conn. Three Italians were reported killed and eight or ten injured.

FATHER S. M. A. BARRETT, a Catholic priest, was shot and fatally wounded in Chicago, Ill., by Patrick J. Keady, a crazy blacksmith.

PATRICK MOLLOY and his son George, of Seven Mile, Ohio, quarreled over the distribution of some property, and Molloy shot his son and then blew out his own brains.

T. J. MCMAHON, a farmer of Washington, Lake Township, Minn., fatally shot his wife and then took his own life.

A DISTRESSING situation exists at Barboursville, Ky. Flux, measles and typhoid fever are prevalent. Two hundred persons are ill. Business is at a standstill. Physicians and undertakers are overworked, and the grave diggers have not been so busy for years.

THE House Tariff bill was received into the Senate at two o'clock in the afternoon and referred at once to the Committee on Finance. Ten thousand copies were ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

THE Supreme Court of the United States has decided that Luis Oteizay Cortes, charged with embezzling $790,000 from the Spanish Goverment at Havana, must be taken back to that city for trial.

PRESIDENT KRUGER, of the South African Republic, tendered his resignation, but was induced to remain in office.

PRINCESS LOUISE, wife of Crown Prince Frederick, of Denmark, has given birth to a daughter.

SMITH, WADE & CO., leading dealers in lumber in Quebec, Canada, have failed for $2,000,000.

QUEEN VICTORIA has created Prince Albert Victor, eldest son of the Prince of Wales, Duke of Clarence and Avondale and Earl of Athlone.

THE Russian General, Von Witten, committed suicide by shooting himself at a sanitarium in Wiesbaden, Germany.

SPEAKER REED'S mother, Mrs. Matilda Prince Reed, died at Deering, Me., at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Elisha W. Conley. She was eighty years of age.

THE steamer Aurania, of the Cunard line, ran down the yacht Yeada near Bedloe's Island, in New York harbor, drowning Charles and Henry Biel, brothers, who were on the yacht.

HERMAN KEMPINSKI arrived in New York city from Russia after spending nearly thirteen months in prison, from which he was released on demand of Secretary of State Blaine.

BEN KNOT, the son of a farmer in Darlington County, S. C., was shot by his brother, Murray, and instantly killed. The brothers had been on bad terms for some time.

THE Rev. J. F. Martin, a noted Episcopal minister, who recently removed to Wynne, Ark., from Brooklyn, N. Y., applied to a drug store in that town for morphine capsules and by mistake the clerk gave him strychnine. He took one of the capsules on retiring and died a few hours later in terrible agony.

TWO men were killed and twenty-five more or less hurt by the explosion of dynamite in a storm at Lucas, Ohio.

AN unsuccessful attempt was made to blow up the monument marking the scene of the Haymarket riots in Chicago, Ill., presumably by Anarchists.

ONE month ago, Kalo, near Fort Dodge, Iowa, was a prosperous mining town of five, hundred inhabitants. On May 1 the miners struck work, the mines were shut down and all the miners left town. Not a dozen houses are now occupied.

JAY HILL, the terror of the neighborhood and an idiot from his birth, died near Trinity College, N. C. He was seventy years old. For fifty years he had been chained to the floor of the house in which he died. He was a monstrosity, his head resembling a lion's more than that of a human being.

THE Conscience Fund of the Treasury Department now amounts to more than a quarter of a million dollars. Every week and nearly every day Treasurer Huston receives one or more envelopes containing money from unknown persons.

THE President has directed that the Union flag shall hereafter fly daily over the Executive Mansion from sunrise to sunset, instead of as heretofore being hoisted on special occasions.

SPEAKER REED left Washington for Portland, Me., to attend the funeral of his mother. Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, was designated to act as Speaker pro tem. during his absence.

AT a place called Zechu, near Ningpo, China, a miser named Chang, while delirious from fever, murdered his wife, son and daughter, mutilating their bodies, and afterward committing suicide.

THE town of Sefron, near Fez, in Morocco, has been ruined by floods. Fifty-three Hebrews and many Moors perished.

THE Bianchi Company's sugar storehouses at Cardenas, Cuba, have been burned. The company had an insurance of $340,000.

THE labor agitation at Pilsen, Austria, has been renewed. Strikers have pillaged stores, inns and vicarages.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

112TH DAY.—The Naval Appropriation bill was reported....Mr. Dolph spoke in favor of the Windom Silver scheme, Mr. Mitchell dissented from the views of his colleague.

113TH DAY.—Mr. Ingalls introduced a bill to abolish metal money...The bill to regulate the control of the liquor traffic in States was discussed without action... Eulogies on the late William D Kelley were pronounced.

114TH DAY.—Mr. Stewart spoke on the Silver bill for two hours....Mr. Evarts debated for several hours the bill restoring to the States the control of the liquor traffic within their own borders.

115TH DAY.—Mr. Dolph introduced, in the form of a bill, the regulations adopted by the recent International Maritime Conference for preventing collisions at sea....Mr. Daniel spoke on the Silver bill....The Naval Appropriation bill was taken up.

116TH DAY.—The Naval Appropriation bill was discussed and amended...Mr. Stanford introduced and explained his loan project ....The Tariff bill was introduced and referred to the Committee on Finance....Mr. Butler introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 for an equestrian statue of General Francis Marion in Columbia, S. C.

117TH DAY.—Mr. Blackburn presented the credentials of John G. Carlisle as Senator from the State of Kentucky for Mr. Beck's unexpired term, which commenced on March 4, 1889. They were read and placed on file....The Naval Appropriation bill was then taken up, the pending question being on the amendment reported from the Committee on Appropriations to strike out the item of $50,000 for improvement of the plant at Portsmouth Navy Yard. No action was taken....Mr. Davis presented amendment to be offered to the Tariff bill, removing the duty of 1¼ cents a pound on binding twine, and placing it on the free list.

In the House.

122D DAY.—The tariff debate was resumed: Mr. Funston's amendment for the free admission of silver ores and ores containing lead was defeated. Speeches were made by Messrs. Kelley, McAdoo, Tarsney, Carter, Hopkins, Crain, Henderson and McClammy.

123D DAY.—The House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, in the chair) on the Tariff bill. Several amendments were acted on, and speeches were delivered by Messrs. McMillin, Sayers, Price, Stewart, Dorsey, Coleman, Morrow and McComas.

124TH DAY.—The House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, in the chair) on the Tariff bill. A number of amendments were proposed and voted on. The entire hour set for the vote was occupied in discussion. When the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole reported the bill to the House McKinley moved its engrossment, third reading and passage together with the amendments agreed to. On a rising vote on the call of the previous question Butterworth, Kerr, Dunnell and Coleman did not vote with the Republicans, but on the yea and nay vote all the Republicans voted for the bill except Coleman, of Louisiana. The result was: Yeas, 151; nays, 143. The House spent the afternoon in voting on the various amendments. The amendment fixing the duty on tin plate at 22.10 cents per pound was passed by a vote of 150 to 149. The bill was then voted on in its entirety and passed by a vote of 162 to 142. It was a strict party vote, with the exception of Mr. Coleman (Rep.), of Louisiana, who voted with the Democrats in the negative, and Mr. Featherstone, of Arkansas, who also voted with the Democrats.

125TH DAY.—The bill amendatory of the Census act was passed. It prescribes a penalty upon any supervisor or enumerator who shall receive, or any person who shall pay any fee or other consideration in addition to the compensation of such supervisor or enumerator....Mr. Quinn introduced a bill reducing to one per cent. an ounce or fraction thereof the postage on drop letters in cities of one hundred thousand inhabitants or over....In Committee of the Whole the River and Harbor Appropriation bill was discussed.

126TH DAY.—The River and Harbor bill was considered and the point of order was made that the Hennepin Canal was not rightfully included in it....Mr. Flower introduced a bill subjecting oleomargarine to the provisions of the laws of the several States. Referred....Mr. Parrett introduced a bill to increase the pension of persons who have lost a leg or an arm to $50 a month; of those having lost both legs or both eyes to $100 a month, and of those having lost both hands to $125 a month....Mr. Flood introduced a bill appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a public building at Ithaca, N. Y.

127TH DAY.—During the delivery of the opening prayer, in which the Chaplain announced the death of Speaker Reed's mother in Maine, the Speaker occupied the chair, but while the Clerk was reading the journal he left the hall, designating Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, to preside in his stead....The House went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, in the chair) on the River and Harbor bill. The pending question was the point of order against the Hennepin Canal proposition. This was lost....On motion of Mr. Henderson, an amendment was adopted, reducing from $2,000,000 to $1,000,000 the appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi River from the head of the passes to the mouth of the Ohio River, $1,000,000 having already been appropriated in a special bill....Mr. Wade introduced a bill providing that the pay of letter carriers, after three years' service in first-class postoffices, shall be $1200 per annum, and after two years' service in second-class postoffices $1050 per annum....Public business was suspended at 4 o'clock, and the House proceeded to pay fitting tribute to the memory of the late David Wilbur, of New York. After eulogistic addresses by Messrs. Sherman, of New York; McCormick, of Pennsylvania; McRae, of Kansas; Russell, of Connecticut; Tracey and Farquhar, of New York, the House, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned.

OKLAHOMA'S EXECUTIVE.

Governor Steele's Arrival Greeted With Salutes and Addresses.

Governor Steele, Oklahoma's first Governor, arrived at Guthrie during the afternoon.

He was met at Arkansas City by a reception committee composed of delegations from all the principal cities in the new Territory.

The train, on its arrival, was greeted with a salute of cannon and muskets by a detachment of the United States troops stationed there.

As the Governor stepped from the train an address of welcome was read, and Mr. Steele replied in a short speech. He assumed his duties at once.

A GOOD deal of excitement prevails in the phosphate fields of Florida consequent upon the word received from Washington that all phosphate lands will be claimed as mineral lands, and that those who have taken homesteads must give them up. A small army has been in the field staking out mineral claims.

Meat Cured Without Ice.

B. F. Plummer, of Indianapolis, Ind., has invented a process for curing meat in warm weather without the use of ice and has applied for a patent. He claims that he can cure meat ready for smoking in thirty days and that he uses nothing except natural agencies. The pork packers of Indianapolis are very much interested in the matter, and surprising results are promised. Packers who have seen the meat cured by Plummer's process say that it is equal to ice-cured meat if not better, and that it will result in a great saving to them if it proves to be what they now believe it is.—*Chicago Herald.*

A Freak of Fashion.

A freak of fashion that attracted much attention a year or so ago was the red, blue and yellow barred shirt of the heavy swell. One of the peculiarities of this style was to wear a white linen collar. Thus the poor dude at first received the sympathies of his astonished and unitiated friends, who imagined that he could not positively find in the wide, wide world, a collar to match the outlandish style of shirt he had chosen to put on his back. This shirt was made more impressive by being worn with a low cut vest, thus giving the grid-iron bosom full opportunity to loom up after the style of Sing Sing prison bars.—*Detroit Free Press.*

An Adamless Eden.

An Adamless Eden is about to be established—in Colorado, this time. Mrs. Olive Wright has promoted a company, entirely of women, to open the Diana Park. Camping lots of from three to five acres are to be sold or leased to women only, which, it is suggested, may be utilized for poultry or beekeeping or fruit and flower growing. The prospectus does not state whether the proscribed and hated male sex may be employed for the digging and building.—*New York Press.*

Our Hannah Jane.

Our Hannah Jane was thin and weak,
And ashy white her lip and cheek,
We often thought—and thought with pain,
" We soon must lose our Hannah Jane."
With change of doctors, change of air,
She sought for healing everywhere.
And, when our hopes were almost past,
" Favorite Prescription" tried at last.
It gave us joy, it gave us hope,
She ceased to pine, she ceased to mope,
[Pierce's remedies are sure and true]
Now Hannah Jane is good as new.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, *under a positive guarantee*, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrapper, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets—cleanse and regulate the stomach, bowels and system generally. One a dose; purely vegetable.

CHICAGO has twelve daily newspapers printed in the English language, with a combined daily circulation of 600,000.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Condersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

THE English language has about 200,000 words of all kinds. The average man probably uses about 2500 or 3000.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Physicians recommend "Tansill's Punch."

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.
TRY THE CURE.
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cts. at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

HAY-FEVER

DECORATION DAY.

How It Was First Celebrated by the G. A. R.

Brief History of the Organization ---Logan's Famous Order.

The Grand Army of the Republic was formed at Indianapolis in 1866. A band of men there gathered together for the purpose of keeping in the bonds of fraternity the men who had fought and suffered together for four long and gloomy years. General Stevens, who was then elected the first commander of the army, is dead now. Were he alive now he would be surprised by the growth of the organization of which he was the first chief.

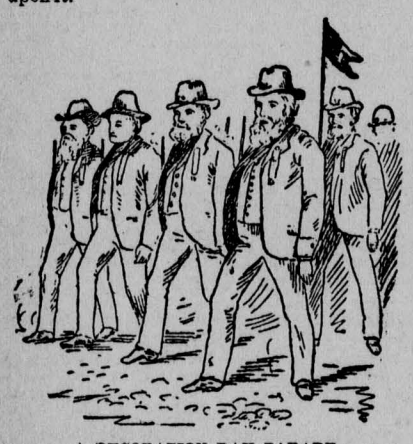
The small organization of 1866, at its last national campfire, claimed 425,000 members and claimed to be gaining at the rate of from 30,000 to 60,000 members per year.

DECORATING THD VETERAN'S GRAVE.

Some idea of the growth may be imagined from the fact that in 1886 alone 60,000 men joined it. Up to 1880 there were not this number of men on its rosters of posts.

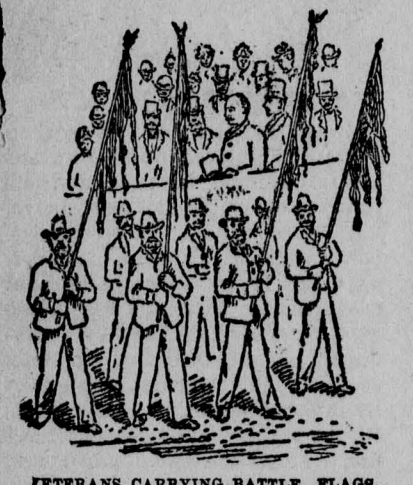
There are now about forty departments, with more than 5000 Posts in the G. A. R.

During the more than twenty-four years it has been in existence the G. A. R. has had sixteen national commanders, most of whom are still alive and hearty, except that two of them are each minus a leg. All became Generals by virtue of their positions, but several of them were not Generals before they were elevated to the head of the G. A. R. Two of them were doctors, two had merely been privates and one, William Earnshaw, was a minister, a sturdy representative of the church militant. Here is the list, and it will be seen that some well known names are upon it.



A DECORATION DAY PARADE.

1. General J. A. Stevens.
2. " S. A. Hurlburt.
3. " John A. Logan (two terms).
4. " A. E. Burnside (two terms).
5. " Charles Devens (two terms).
6. " John F. Hartranft (two terms).
7. " John C. Robinson (two terms).
8. " William Earnshaw.
9. " E. A. Merrill.
10. " Louis Wagner.
11. " Robert B. Beath.
12. " John S. Kountz.
13. " Paul Van Der Voort.
14. " S. S. Burdette.
15. " Lucius Fairchild.
16. " John P. Rea.
17. " Russell A. Alger.



VETERANS CARRYING BATTLE FLAGS.

Five of these commander have passed away. One of these is John A. Logan, and it was to his untiring efforts chiefly that the progress of the organization was brought about, while principally to his famous order, given below, is due the magnificent celebrations of Memorial Day. Grand Army men call him the founder of Memorial Day. The other dead commanders are Generals Stevens, Hurlburt, Earnshaw and Burnside. Few of the greater Generals of the war took an active part in the management of the G. A. R. But General Grant took a loving interest in it until the last; so did McClellan and Hancock. The grizzled face of General Sherman is prominent at every national campfire. General Slocum, who commanded the left wing of Sherman's army when it marched from Atlanta to the sea, is also an enthusiastic G. A. R. man. General Sherman has often been asked to become commander, but has always declined.

General Logan's Famous Order.

HEADQUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, 446 14TH ST., WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 11.

I. The 30th day of May, 1868, is designated for the purpose of strewing with flowers or otherwise decorating the graves of comrades who died in the defence of their country during the late rebellion, and whose bodies now lie in almost every city, village, and hamlet churchyard in the land. In this observance no form of ceremony is prescribed, but posts and comrades will in their own way arrange such fitting services and testimonials of respect as circumstances may permit.

We are organized, comrades, as our regulations tell us, for the purpose, among other things, "of preserving and strengthening those kind and fraternal feelings which have bound together the soldiers, sailors, and marines who united to suppress the late rebellion." What can aid more to assure this result than cherishing tenderly the memory of our heroic dead, who made their breasts a barricade between our country and its foes? Their soldier lives were the reveille of freedom to a race in chains, and their deaths the tattoo of rebellious tyranny in arms. We should guard their graves with sacred vigilance. All that the consecrated wealth and taste of the nation can add to their adornment and security is but a fitting tribute to the memory of her slain defenders. Let no wanton foot tread rudely on such hallowed grounds. Let pleasant paths invite the coming and going of reverent visitors and fond mourners. Let no vandalism of avarice or neglect, no ravages of time testify to the present or to the coming generations that we have forgotten as a people the cost of a free and undivided republic.

If other eyes grow dull, other hands slack, and other hearts cold in the solemn trust, ours shall keep it well as long as the light and warmth of life remain to us.

Let us, then, at the time appointed gather around their sacred remains and garland the passionless mounds above them with the choicest flowers of spring-time; let us raise above them the dear old flag they saved from dishonor; let us in this solemn presence renew our pledges to aid and assist those whom they have left among us a sacred charge upon a nation's gratitude, the soldier's and sailor's widow and orphan.

II. It is the purpose of the Commander-in-Chief to inaugurate this observance with the hope that it will be kept up from year to year, while a survivor of the war remains to honor the memory of his dead comrades. He earnestly desires the public press to lend its friendly aid in bringing to the notice of comrades in all parts of the country in time for simultaneous compliance therewith.

III. Department commanders will use efforts to make this order effective.

By order of JOHN A. LOGAN, Commander-in-Chief.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

ICEBERGS are still numerous at sea

GOLD has been discovered in Georgia.

THE German Reichstag has adjourned.

INFLUENZA is troubling London again.

TYPHOID FEVER is epidemic in Cairo, Egypt.

FOREIGNERS are swarming into Pennsylvania.

OVER 40,000 fires took place last year in Russia.

JAPAN is to establish a public telephone system.

THERE is a great boom in olive culture in California.

THE railway through Siberia will be completed in ten years.

THE English demand for American meat and grain is improving.

ONE-EIGHTH of the total butter crop is displaced by oleomargarine.

THE number of Christian churches in Constantinople, Turkey, is 145.

A GREAT cave has been discovered by workmen near Wheeling, W. Va.

ENGLISH syndicates are operating in this country with more activity than ever.

THE contract price of the new United States cruiser Philadelphia is $1,350,000.

RUSSIA is about to expend $7,500,009 in constructing a new naval station on the Baltic.

IT is estimated that 20,000,000 bottles of pickles are eaten annually in the United States.

DURING a recent week 198 suicides occurred in the English provinces, and eighty in London.

OVER 50,000 farmers have taken part in the Wisconsin Farmers' Institute during the past season.

IN the New York city public schools 26,120 children voted for the golden rod as the State flower.

FOUR new islands have been upcast in Alaskan waters by an eruption of the volcano Bosgoloy.

ONE HUNDRED or more new towns have recently been started and are rapidly growing in Southern States.

THE unburied bodies of three men who fell on the Custer battlefield of the Little Big Horn, have just been found.

IT is estimated that 6,000,000 bushels of oysters found a market in Baltimore during the season which has just closed.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is borrowing $9,000,000, of which $2,000,000 will go for new locomotives and cars.

THE estimated population of the Republic of Chile on January 1st of the current year, 50,000 Indians inclusive, was 3,165,289.

OVER 1000 miles of railroad have been already built in Indian Territory, and right of way has been obtained for 7500 miles more.

MAINE tipplers are to be supplied with liquor in original packages as a result of the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court.

POLLY CROUL CARLISLE, who died at Detroit the other day, remembered General Lafayette, and was once kissed by George Washington. She was born in New York in 1791.

ALREADY this year, 2850 pensions have been paid to wounded ex-Confederates by the State of Georgia. The aggregate amount is between $165,000 and $170,000. They average about $60.

ILLINOIS farmers are refusing to make reports of the condition of the crops to the State authorities on the ground that they are used for the benefit of Board of Trade speculators.

A MILLION families have been found without Bibles during the past eight years by the American Bible Society, and almost three hundred thousand families refused it even as a gift.

ON account of the plague existing in the Republic of Guatemala the Government has organized, on account of the public Treasury, a gratuitous service of medicine and medical attendance for the poor.

A PLAGUE of locusts is devastating Transcaucasia, Russia. Already 25,000 acres of sowed lands at Tiflis, Baku and Osavethol have suffered from their ravages. Immense bands of persons are engaged in killing locusts.

IT is proposed to levy a duty of ten per cent. upon all merchandise imported into the Congo Free State, Africa, the proceeds to be used in recuperating the private fortune of King Leopold of Belgium.

FRANCE and Germany have agreed, in order to avoid dispute on the frontier, to strip a large space of ground on either side of the boundary line and place, at frequent intervals, large stones, marking the line of delimitation conspicuously.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

MARK TWAIN'S average daily allowance of tobacco is twenty cigars.

JUSTICE L. Q. C. LAMAR looks ten years older than he did two years.

JOHN LATROBE, at the age of eighty-seven, still practices law in Baltimore.

MAYOR-ELECT RUCKER, of San Jose, Cal., is only twenty-five years of age.

THE deafness of the Prince of Wales is increasing, and is apparently incurable.

THE fees for probating the will of Junius S. Morgan in England amounted to $400,000.

BISMARCK has already two secretaries helping him to prepare his "Reminiscences."

GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA gets $10,000 a year for four editorials a week in the London *Telegraph*.

W J. ARKELL, the owner of *Judge*, is short, rotund, fat, jolly and an incurable practical joker.

JOHN H. SHOENBERGER, of Pittsburg, accumulated his six million dollars in the iron and steel business.

THE late Marquis Tseng, the well-known Chinese statesman and diplomat, spoke five European languages.

THE Sultan of Turkey has been advised by his physicians to take more exercise. He is growing very fleshy.

GENERAL NATHANIEL P. BANKS enjoys the reputation of being the most courtly and the politest man in Washington.

JULIA HONORE GRANT, the sixteen-year-old daughter of Minister Fred Grant, can speak Spanish, German and French.

LLOYD GEORGE, a new Member of Parliament, is the son of a shoemaker. He was a street preacher at fifteen and educated himself.

BLACKBURN, of Kentucky, is one of the fastest speakers of the Senate. He rolls out his words at the rate of two hundred per minute.

RICHARD VAUX, who has just been elected to succeed Samuel J. Randall, never wears an overcoat. He once danced with Queen Victoria.

EX-MAYOR ABRAM S. HEWITT, of New York, says if he had to choose between an education and a fortune he would take the education every time.

GENERAL E. KIRBY SMITH, the Confederate soldier, claims the unique distinction of being the oldest living man born in Florida. He is a native of St. Augustine.

DIPLOMATISTS expect that General von Caprivi will soon resign the German Chancellorship. He is disgusted with the details of the work of the foreign office.

ONE of the best known men in Washington is ex-Secretary of War Belknap. He is famous as a wit, a story-teller and a gastronome. He makes about $15,000 a year as a claim agent.

THE Duke of Northumberland, perhaps the greatest landowner in England, has just entered his eighty-first year. He owns more than 200,000 acres, with a rent-roll of $875,000 a year.

CONGRESSMAN BUTTERWORTH, of Cincinnati, Ohio, is tall and stout, with white hair and close-cropped whiskers. He is a man of amiable manners, and his blue eyes shine with good humor.

SENATOR EVARTS has three houses which he keeps open all the time—one in New York, one at Washington and one at Windsor, Vt. It is estimated that it costs him $100,000 a year for his living expenses.

GEORGE VANDERBILT is reputed to spend a great part of his leisure time among the book stores of New York. He has a passion for rare books in fine bindings, and pays out thousands of dollars a year for them.

MISS NELLIE ARTHUR, daughter of the late President Arthur, has developed into a beautiful young lady, with a brilliant complexion, large, soft, brown eyes and a graceful figure. Her taste in dress is original and effective.

IN mailing the first half of his manuscript of "Darkest Africa" from Cairo, Egypt, to his American publishers, Stanley wrote: "When it is done, not Vanderbilt's wealth would induce me to write upon the subject at any length again."

REPRESENTATIVE WILSON, of West Virginia, who is considered one of the most scholarly men in Congress, is a modest, unassuming gentlemen, possessed of a quiet wit and humor. In figure he is of medium height, with a slender, well-built frame, light hair, smiling blue eyes and blonde mustache.

THE Emperor of Germany has his cards like other mortals. They are very simple, although those of the German nobility are generally very highly decorated with crests and crowns. The royal cards have absolutely no ornamentation. In plain gothic letters they read: "Wilhelm, German Emperor and King of Prussia."

THE MARKETS.

21 NEW YORK.			
Beeves	4 50	@	5 25
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	30 00
Calves, common to prime	2 50	@	5 50
Sheep	5 50	@	5 70
Lambs	—	@	5 50
Hogs—Live	4 00	@	4 55
Dressed	5	@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 30	@	4 60
Patents	5 00	@	5 65
Wheat—No. 2 Red	99⅝	@	1 00⅛
Rye—State	60½	@	61
Barley—Two-rowed State	—	@	48
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	38½	@	41½
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	38
Mixed Western	32	@	35
Hay—No. 1	40	@	85
Straw—Long Rye	1 00	@	1 05
Lard—City Steam	—	@	5 85c
Butter—State Creamery	13	@	16½
Dairy, fair to good	11	@	14
West. Im. Creamery	7	@	12
Factory	4	@	9½
Cheese—State Factory	7½	@	8⅛
Skims—Light	4	@	7
Western	5	@	10
Eggs—State and Penn	14½	@	14¾
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 50	@	5 05
Sheep—Medium to Good	6 40	@	6 60
Lambs—Fair to Good	7 35	@	7 55
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 15	@	4 25
Flour—Family	3 85	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	—	@	99
Corn—No. 3, Yellow	—	@	37¼
Oats—No. 2, White	33¼	@	33½
Barley—No. 1 Canada	64	@	65
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 60	@	6 15
Corn—Steamer Yellow	43	@	46
Oats—No. 2 White	35	@	40
Rye—State	—	@	62
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	4½	@	6½
Sheep—Live weight	3½	@	5
Lambs	6	@	7½
Hogs—Northern	—	@	5½
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	3 50	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, May	91½	@	92
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, May	40¾	@	41
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	34½
Potatoes—Rose	35	@	45
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@	16
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7

Dr. Tobias's Venetian Horse Liniment.

This invaluable remedy has only to be used to be appreciated.

It is warranted superior to any other article, or no pay.

In pint bottles at 90 cents.

For the cure of lameness, sprains, galls, slipping, stifle, scratches, cuts, bruises, overheating, wind galls, splints, colic, sore-throat, nail in the foot, etc., etc.

All who own or employ horses are assured that this Liniment will do all and more than is stated in curing the above named complaints.

Upwards of forty years it has never failed to give perfect satisfaction in a single instance.

Try it and be convinced.

If your druggist or store-keeper does not keep our goods, send to us and we will forward promptly.

Depot 40 Murray St., New York.

Beecham's Pills act like magic on a Weak Stomach.

You Need It Now

To impart strength and to give a feeling of health and vigor throughout the system, there is nothing equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems peculiarly adapted to overcome that tired feeling caused by change of season, climate or life, and while it tones and sustains the system it purifies and renovates the blood. We earnestly urge the large army of clerks, book-keepers, school teachers, housewives, operatives and all others who have been closely confined during the winter and who need a good spring medicine to try Hood's Sarsaparilla *now*. It will do you good.

"Every spring for years I have made it a practice to take from three to five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, because I know it purifies the blood and thoroughly cleanses the system of all impurities. That languid feeling, sometimes called 'spring fever,' will never visit the system that has been properly cared for by this never-failing remedy."—W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor Agricultural Epitomist, Indianapolis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Radway's READY RELIEF

Price 50 Cts. INTERNAL & EXTERNAL WILL Instantly Stop Pain AND SPEEDILY CURE ALL RHEUMATIC, NEURALGIC, NERVOUS & MALARIOUS COMPLAINTS.

Radway & Co.

A representation of the engraving on our wrappers.—RADWAY & CO. NEW YORK.

"Oh, So Tired!"

is the cry of thousands every Spring. For that Tired Feeling take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

and recover Health and Vigor. It Makes the Weak Strong.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SALT LAKE CITY.

$300 in gold for one cent. The Chamber of Commerce offers $200 for nearest guess on population of Salt Lake City, and $100 for another on Utah's population, U. S. Census 1890. Everybody outside of Utah invited to guess. Gov. Thomas of Utah will award prizes which are to be published. Mail one guess now and we will send latest statistics, printed and illustrated matter to assist on final guess. Lists close June 15. Write to-day.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Salt Lake City, Utah.

OPIUM HABIT. Only Certain and easy CURE in the World. Dr. J. L. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O

WANTED—Reliable men to sell Nursery stock, local or traveling. O. D. Green & Co., Syracuse, N.Y

ST. JACOBS OIL

CURES PROMPTLY

STIFFNESS, STIFF NECK.

Violent Pains in Neck.

Friendship, Wis., June 14, 1888.

My wife had violent pains in her neck, which was very sore and stiff. She was cured entirely by St. Jacobs Oil. JAMES STOWE.

In Terrible Pain.

Ames M'f'g. Co., Chicopee, Mass., June 18, 1888.

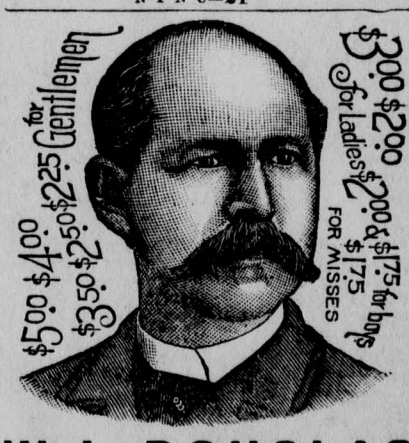
From over-exertion every bone was made stiff and sore; in terrible pain. I was cured promptly by St. Jacobs Oil.

J. C. BUCKLEY, Paymaster.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

N Y N U—21



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE AND $2 SHOE for GENTLEMEN

And Other Advertised Specialties Are the Best in the World.

None genuine unless name and price are stamped on bottom. SOLD EVERYWHERE. If your dealer will not supply you, send postal for instructions how to buy direct from factory without extra charge.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, LONDON, ENGLAND.

ARE THE OLDEST FAMILY STANDARD.

A Purely Vegetable Compound, without mercury or other injurious mineral. Safe and sure always. For sale by all Druggists. Full printed directions for using with each package. Dr. Schenck's new book on The Lungs, Liver and Stomach SENT FREE. Address Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia.

THE WONDERFUL LUBURG CHAIR.
100 STYLES.
BABY COACHES
COMBINING 5 ARTICLES OF FURNITURE.
INVALID SUPPLIES AND WHEEL CHAIRS
We retail at the lowest wholesale factory prices, and ship goods to be paid for on delivery. Send stamp for Catalogue. Name goods desired.
Automatic Brake on all Coaches
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BEST IN THE WORLD. Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

SOLDIERS and Heirs write us for new Pension laws. Sent free. Deserters relieved. Success or no fee. A. W. McCormick & Sons, Washington, D. C., & Cincinnati, O.

I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the only specific for the certain cure of this disease.

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We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.

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EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF

BE UP TO THE MARK

THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split!

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BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT.

THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

DR. KOEHLER'S FAVORITE COLIC MIXTURE

for all domestic animals will cure 99 out of every 100 cases of colic, whether flatulent or spasmodic. Rarely more than 1 or 2 doses necessary. It does not constipate, rather acts as a laxative and is entirely harmless. After 20 years of trial in more than 3000 cases our guarantee is worth something. **Colic must be treated promptly.** Expend a few cents and you have a cure on hand, **ready when needed,** and perhaps save a valuable horse. If not at your druggist's, enclose 50 cents for sample bottle, sent prepaid.

Address DR. KOEHLER & CO., Bethlehem, Pa.

I use Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture" right along with success. It is the best colic medicine I have ever seen. ISAAC MOOG, Horse Dealer, Brooklyn, New York.

We cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture." Would not be without it as long as we have horses. ISAAC MOSES & BRO., Sale and Exchange Stables, Easton, Pa.

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The megatherian of 25-cent shows is coming! Heed the first call, and prepare yourself for the day's pleasure!

Allen's Great Eastern

Shows, Circus, Museum, Menagerie, and Trained Animal Exposition!

3 Distinct Enterprises. 3

Combined in one Monster Show, for one price of admission, will positively exhibit at

Mapleton, Saturday, May 31st!

(ONE DAY ONLY) Two Performances—afternoon, at 2 o'clock, and evening, at 8 o'clock. Remember the date! Keep your eye on the day!

$25,000 TROUPE OF EDUCATED HORSES!

led by Napoleon, the most wonderful equine in the world, possessing (save the powers of articulation) the instincts of a human being! Educated Ponies, Donkeys, etc., etc.

Miss Nellie Carlisle!

the only lady dog trainer now living, with her school of 20 trained dogs, in a programme of canine sagacity without an equal!

Daring Athletes!

in thrilling mid-air performances! Acrobats, in tumbling, leaping, posturing, etc., etc.

3 FUNNY AND LAUGH-PROVOKING CLOWNS! 3

Whose efforts in pleasing the little ones have been the subject of commendation at the at the hands of the press wherever the show has appeared.

GRAND FREE STREET PAGEANT!

on day of exhibition, headed by our famous Military Band, in a Golden Chariot, drawn by eight genuine Arabian horses! Don't miss this feature! Immediately after the parade, Prof. Van Vranken, the world's famous horse trainer will give a free exhibition on the show grounds, when he will handle and break some of the worst kicking, balking, and biting horses in Huntingdon county. Owners of bad horses, mules, etc., are invited to bring their stock to the show grounds and have them broken, publicly, free of all charge! Be on hand to witness this wonderful free exhibition!

Admission to All, 25 cents. Children (to afternoon show, only), 10 cents.

Allen's Great Eastern Shows

——(combined for the season of 1890, only,) will exhibit at——

Huntingdon,	**Friday, May 30.**
Mapleton,	**Saturday, May 31.**
McVeytown,	**Monday, June 2.**
Lewistown,	**Tuesday, June 3.**
Mifflintown,	**Wednesday, June 4**

See large and small bills for all particulars. Remember the day!

MAPLETON, MAY 31st, 1890.

SATURDAY.

One day only Two performances.

Rain or Shine. No Postponement!

Farmers, Attention!

—We are the Headquarters for—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

I carry the largest line of implements in the county, and, in buying in carload lots, get the benefit of all discounts. I am agent for, and keep on hands, the following among my varied stock:

Triumph Steel-Frame Folding Binders!

Triumph Mowers (1 and 2-horse), Triumph Self Rake, Crown Fertilizer Grain Drills, Hamburg Steel Combination Plows—cheapest repaired plow—

reversible self-sharpening share—high beam—light draft—best plow in the market. Spring-tooth Harrows from

$13 to $17. Iron-beam Double & Single Shovel Plows, Iron-beam Cultivators, Hoffham's Broken-akle Riding Cultivator (the only corn-worker successfully used on hilly land), Thomas' Hay Rakes (horse dump and hand dump), Thomas' Iron Force and Lift Pump, seamless drawn brass cylinders, Corn and Potato Fertilizers in stock,

Climax Road Machine.

This machine is a Scraper, Plow and Grader, combined, the only road maker in the market that can be successfully used on hillsides, hard and stony ground.

Rushford Wagons!

best ironed and best finished wagon in the market, self-oiling skein with but two bearings. Spangler Corn Planter (can be arranged to plant 12 different distances, either hilling or drilling), Cutting Boxes and anything in the way of Farming Implements. I contract for, and furnish, plain iron or galvanized tubing of any size. Agent for the New Becker Washing Machine, and greatest improvement of the age. Come and see my stock.

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Where you find the largest and finest stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats, Caps, &c., ever shown you here. We are only five minutes' walk from depot. It will pay you to take the time to call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We bought our stock at SPECIAL CASH PRICES, which will enable us to SELL MUCH LOWER than otherwise. We guarantee satisfaction or money refunded. Please give us a call.

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DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

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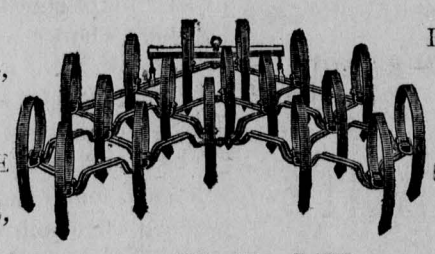
OSBORNE MOWERS, REAPERS & STEEL FRAME BINDERS,



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Hillside Plows, Buckeye Sulky and Walking Cultivators, Hench Sulky and Walking Cultivators with Double Row Corn Planter Attachment, Stevens' All-Steel Arch Frame Spring Tooth Harrows, U. S. K. Spring-Tooth Harrows, Buckeye and Meyer's Iron Force and Lift Pumps, Cider Mills, Land Rollers, Feed Cutters, Wheelbarrows, Buckthorne and Barb Fence, Wire, Buggy Harness, Fly Nets, Whips, One-Horse Iron Frame Cultivators, Double Shovel Plows, Farm Bells, Binder Twine, and, in fact, everything kept in a first-class Implement Store. Also, all kinds of

ROUGH & WORKED LUMBER, SHINGLES,

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Constantly on hand and at reasonable prices. Don't fail to call or write for prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Yours Respectfully,

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FOR SALE.—Mrs. C. W. Mattern offers for sale her lot, having thereon a new dwelling house, situate in the eastern part of the Borough of Mapleton. House has six rooms, is well finished, and is pleasantly located. Good spring of water convenient. Will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars, call on or address,

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